



IN SESSION AT THE SPRINGS

LEGAL LUMINARIES

Discuss Matters of Importance to Commonwealth During

FIFTEENTH CONVENTION

Change in High Courts—Money in Judicial Elections—The Code of Ethics—President's Address—Election of Officers—The Banquet.

The sessions of the Association opened very nearly on program time, at two o'clock Tuesday afternoon, in the auditorium of the hotel, and it must have been gratifying to the officers and members to see that, in spite of the heat, there was such a large attendance. The ladies were especially conspicuous by their presence, and the principal attraction, of course, was the address of the president, Hon. Hampton Todd. An abstract of it is given in another column. It was listened to with great attention and its telling points were interrupted by frequent applause. Mr. Todd's presence and delivery are attractive and the matter of his address, while intended chiefly for the information of the profession, was of interest to all intelligent, thoughtful people.

Following the president's address, there were presented, in order, as stated on the program, the reports of the chief and special committees, which occupied the rest of the afternoon. There were many telling points in these reports, which excited attention and applause. This was especially the case with regard to the report of the Committee on Grievances, which dealt with the abuses in the use of money in judicial campaigns. The proposition to abolish the Superior Court contained in the report of Hon. Mr. McArthur, of Lewisburg, chairman of the Committee on Constitution of Courts in Pennsylvania, is one of the subjects which it is probable will excite considerable discussion at the future sessions of this year's meeting.

The treasurer's report shows the Association to be in good financial condition. There are 1029 active members and 44 honorary members and the cash on hand after paying all the bills for this meeting is \$8603.84. One hundred thirty-four members have died since the organization. The dues received this year amounted to \$315. Of the balance in the treasurer's hands \$6000 is kept on deposit at interest as a special fund.

President Todd's Address

Three of the acts passed at the recent session of the Legislature mark an epoch in our social development: the act providing for a Legislative Reference Bureau; the act authorizing an agnostic to be affirmed as a witness; and the act providing for the paroling of convict prisoners.

President Snodgrass, in his address last year, had urged the importance of providing for members of the Legislature desiring to introduce bills, means of ascertaining the legislation in other states upon the same subject, the state of existing law and the avoidance of uncertainty and blunders which render acts vague or unconstitutional, frequently compelling the Governor to exercise his veto power; a number of illustrations of such acts were given, in one of which the word "not" will have to be eliminated by construction of the court, in order to make its language express the obvious intent of the Legislature. President Todd said that the address of Mr. Snodgrass led to the recent act which establishes the needed bureau.

A Religious Test Abolished

With respect to the act which declares that opinions on religious matters shall not affect the competency or credibility of witnesses; not since Penn. at the establishment of this colony wrote into his Constitution that no man should "be compelled to frequent or maintain any religious worship, place or ministry contrary to his or their mind," has an act passed that more fully marks the modern tendency to liberalism on all religious subjects.

"The act will undoubtedly stop many unseemly and bitter discussions on the admissibility of agnostics to the witness-stand. We will no longer see an educated gentleman pilloried on cross-examination by some bigoted member of the Bar, who may conceive it to be his duty to his client

(Continued on Third Page.)

LUTHERAN CONFERENCE

Annual Sessions Held at St. Clairsville June 22-23.

The annual meeting of the Bedford County Conference, of the Allegheny Synod, was held in St. Peter's Lutheran Church, St. Clairsville, Rev. J. H. Diehl, pastor.

The opening session was called to order by the president, Rev. J. H. Diehl, Tuesday evening, June 22. In the conference discussions the following subjects were presented:

True Elements of Worship, Rev. H. C. Rose; Relation of Faith and Works to Salvation, Dr. M. L. Culler; The Duty of Regular Church Attendance, Rev. J. W. Lingle; Scriptural Giving, Rev. C. D. Russell; The Use of the Sacraments, Dr. M. L. Culler; The Heritage and Mission of the Lutheran Church, Rev. C. D. Russell.

The following officers were re-elected to serve for the coming year: President, Rev. J. H. Diehl; Secretary, Rev. H. M. Petrea; Treasurer, Rev. J. W. Lingle.

Rev. Diehl and his good people entertained us delightfully, and we were sorry after two days to say good-bye.

H. C. Rose,

Secretary Protem.

Philip Sleek

Philip Sleek died at his home in Schellsburg about one o'clock Saturday morning, June 26, of heart failure brought about by dropsy with which he had suffered for some months, aged 49 years, two months and five days.

Mr. Sleek lived with his uncle, W. M. Sleek, and for a year or more had conducted a small grocery store. He was one of the largest men in the county, frequently weighing more than 300 pounds; was of a jovial disposition and had many friends. He bore his suffering through many severe attacks of rheumatism and during his last illness with great fortitude.

The funeral service was conducted at the home by Rev. W. H. Bender of the Lutheran Church, and interment was made in the Hoover graveyard near Fishertown.

David C. Benna

David C. Benna died at his home in Harrison Township Friday, June 25, aged 21 years, five months and 20 days. He is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Benna, of Harrison Township, and was born January 5, 1888.

Besides his parents, he is survived by the following brothers and sisters: George W. of Harrison Township, Harry A. of Spring Gap, Md.; John of Cook's Mills, Tillman and Adam, of Pine Hill; Howard of Harrison; Mrs. Margaret Gormer and Miss Mary Benna, of Cumberland, Md.; Mrs. Emma Turner of Johnstown.

The funeral services were held in St. James' Lutheran Church Sunday, June 27, conducted by Rev. G. L. Courtney. Interment at St. James' Lutheran Cemetery.

William C. Corle

William C. Corle died at his home in Lovely Friday, June 25, aged 63 years, five months and 13 days. Dropsy was the cause of death.

He is survived by his wife and the following children: Lloyd, Kinsey, Upton of Michigan; Roy at home; Mrs. Andrew Smith, Mrs. Blain Ellison of Lovely, Mrs. Ebingdon Claycomb of Imbler; also three brothers and three sisters. Mr. Corle was a soldier in the Civil War, a kind husband, quiet and law-abiding citizen.

The funeral services were held in the Evangelical Church at Lovely Sunday afternoon, conducted by Rev. J. W. Zehring.

Mrs. Annie A. Foster

Mrs. Annie A. Foster, wife of Allison E. Foster of Six Mile Run, died early Saturday morning at the Altoona Hospital of exhaustion, following an operation. She was admitted to the institution three days previous to her death.

She was aged 39 years and is survived by her husband and three children, all at home. The body was taken to Six Mile Run Saturday afternoon, where interment was made Monday.

Hannah Miller

Hannah Miller, little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Miller, died of catarrhal fever at the home of her parents at Ryot, Wednesday, June 23, aged nine months and 18 days. Besides her parents, she is survived by two brothers, Guy and Crawford; also three sisters, Hazel, June and Virgie. The funeral was conducted by Rev. J. C. Powell at Alum Bank Friday, June 25. Interment at Fishertown.

MENTIONED IN BRIEF

Town Talk and Neighborhood Notes Tersely Told

MANY ITEMS OF INTEREST

Gleaned From Various Sources—Little Points Picked Up By Vigilant Reporters.

A boy baby came to the home of Mr. and Mrs. I. J. Powell, South Juliana Street, this week.

Both Bedford banks will be closed on Monday, it being officially designated as Independence Day.

During the months of July and August the Methodist Sunday School will be held at 9:30 in the morning.

Rev. E. F. Reimer of Easton will preach in the Presbyterian Church next Sunday, both morning and evening.

Miss Alma May and her Sunday School class spent a pleasant time picnicking at Hartley's Dam Wednesday.

On June 30, Peter Fodder, who has carried the mail between Bedford and King for 19 years, made his last trip.

The directors of the First National Bank on Monday declared the usual semi-annual dividend of three per cent.

A marriage license was issued Monday at Cumberland to Shelly Rufus Logue and Emma Welsh, both of Clearville.

The Children's Day exercises at St. John's Reformed Church last Sunday evening were enjoyed by a large congregation.

Bishop Eugene Garvey of Altoona administered confirmation in St. Thomas' Catholic Church yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

The mail that has been carried for the last four years on the star route from Salemville to Loysburg, via New Enterprise, by Albert Replogle, will be carried by Andrew Rock of Salemville.

Thomas P. Beckley and son, Pleasantville, received a carload of West Virginia horses on Wednesday which they believe to be suited to the wants of the people of this section. The prices are more attractive than formerly.

Two papers were issued from The Gazette plant this morning. The Gazette and The Narr, which was issued Wednesday, Thursday and Friday mornings for the Pennsylvania Bar Association in session at the Springs during the week.

The Church of God Sunday School of Saxton held a very successful picnic Saturday, June 26. This was followed by a grove meeting on Sunday. Jackson Holsinger, the boy preacher from Altoona, drew large crowds to Weaver's Grove on Sunday. Mr. Holsinger is only a little past 12 years of age and is decidedly boyish in manner and appearance, but he held the attention of the large audience with the plain, practical talk he gave.

Mr. Holsinger has been engaged by the Walnut Grove camp-meeting management, and he will preach on the second Sunday, August 15, at 2:30 p. m. Harold and Margaret Nonamaker, also of Altoona, the boy and girl singers, will also be at the camp.

Two Early Morning Weddings

Miss Grace M. Cessna, younger daughter of Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Cessna, and John N. Minnich were united in marriage Wednesday morning at 6:30 o'clock by Dr. M. L. Culler. The ceremony took place at the Lutheran parsonage.

The bride is one of Bedford's popular young ladies. The groom is a member of the Bedford Bar and solicitor for the County Commissioners. Their many friends extend congratulations.

At St. Thomas' Catholic Church early Wednesday morning the wedding of Robert L. Fyan and Miss Ida Weber was solemnized, the ceremony being performed by Rev. Father William E. Downes. The bride, who is a daughter of Henry F. Weber of Bedford Township, was a former teacher in our public schools. The groom is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Albert E. Fyan. They have the best wishes of their friends.

Howsare-Rose

Jacob C. Howsare of R. F. D. No. 3, Bedford, and Miss Viola V. Rose of Centerville were united in marriage by Rev. M. L. Culler, D. D., at Trinity Lutheran parsonage, Bedford, Tuesday, June 29.

SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION

The Fifth Convention of the Monroe District was held on June 26 in the Zion Lutheran Church.

Morning Session

Devotional service by Rev. D. G. Hetrick; coronation, and "There is Sunshine in My Soul," by the choir. Remarks by President J. G. Leasure on the Home Department of the Sunday School; recitation by Ura Means, "A Picture;" "Whiter Than Snow," by choir; topic: "Why Should we Hold these Conventions?" was opened by Lewis Miller, followed by W. H. Miller, J. G. Leasure and Rev. D. G. Hetrick; song and benediction.

Afternoon Session

Music by choir; devotional service by Rev. D. G. Hetrick; song by choir; recitation by Earl Miller; topic: "The Proper Use of the Lesson Helps," opened by Rev. D. G. Hetrick, followed by J. G. Leasure; song by choir; recitation by Grace Ritchey and one by Hazel Fletcher; topic: "The Duty of the Membership of the Church to the Sunday School," opened by Charles Fletcher, followed by W. H. Miller, Rev. D. G. Hetrick and J. G. Leasure; recitation, Edith Miller; song, choir; recitation, John E. Hetrick; offering for expenses.

The president then appointed the following committees, viz: On Program for next Meeting—J. G. Leasure, F. B. Adams, Roy Grubb, Charles Fletcher and E. E. Mills. On Constitution—Rev. D. G. Hetrick, Joseph Hanks and Rev. J. Guidin. Recitation, Dora Ritchey; closing remarks by the president; song, "God be With You Till We Meet Again," and benediction by Rev. D. G. Hetrick. Thus closed an interesting and profitable convention.

D. G. Hetrick.

Clearville, Pa.

TO MY DOOR

(By Request.)

If genius, or the studious brain By happy chance should kindly deign To tap upon thy wooden side, Open, my door, fly open wide.

To gentle courtesy, to grace, To wit, kind heart, and smiling face, To the frank brow, the honest hand, Open, my door, wide open stand.

To love, to friendship, or to truth, To interesting age or youth, To worthy rich, or worthy poor, Stand ever open wide, my door.

If formal folk would visits make Receive them for politeness' sake, But to the stupid and the bore Creak slowly on thy hinge, my door.

If fate unkind should ever send Hypocrisy in guise of friend If insincerity should knock Tighten thy lock—tighten thy lock.

Strengthen the bolts against the bad, Keep out the snob, keep out the cad, And all vulgarity and sin; But let the tired and patient in.

Shams, Poms, Neuralgia, pain, the Devil Himself, and all his imps of evil If they should dare to prowl about Put up thy bar, and keep them out.

My door, let no unholy feet Soil thy clean threshold, be discreet Then peace and love shall dwell within And—the Millennium will begin

And when some day, with awful face, Winged Azrael shall cleave through space Hither to bear my soul away, Usher him in without delay. —Blanche Nevlin.

Mrs. Minnie A. Redinger

Mrs. Minnie Agnes Redinger, wife of Jacob Redinger, died at her home in East Saxton Friday, June 25, aged 35 years, five months and six days. Her maiden name was Sponsler and she was born at Everett, January 19, 1874.

The remains were taken to Everett Sunday morning, where the funeral services were conducted by Rev. Dr. Van Pelt.

Marriage Licenses

Charles L. Warsing of Hopewell and Pearl M. Worthing of Broad Top, Jacob C. Hawsare and Viola V. Rose, of Cumberland Valley.

Robert L. Fyan of Bedford and Ida Cecil Weber of Bedford Township. John N. Minnich and Grace M. Cessna, of Bedford.

Peterson-Edwards

Miss Elizabeth Edwards, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Edwards, of Everett, and Axel Peterson of Baltimore were married Wednesday, June 23, in Baltimore, at which place they will reside.

PERSONAL NOTES

Arrivals and Departures of Residents and Visitors.

IN THE SOCIAL WORLD

The Column Everybody Reads—Chances About Your Friends and Neighbors—Here and There.

Mr. Joseph Knisely of Pleasantville spent Wednesday here.

Prof. C. J. Potts of Lysena was in town a few days this week.

Mr. John Sides of Hyndman was a business visitor here on Saturday.

Mr. Calton Heckerman returned home yesterday from State College.

Capt. Josiah Hissong of Point was a business visitor in Bedford yesterday.

Mr. W. J. Beegle of Schellsburg was in town between trains yesterday.

Rev. H. B. Townsend returned on Tuesday from a visit to the National Capital.

Messrs. D. A. and A. I. Claar, of Queen, were business visitors in town on Tuesday.

Mr. B. F. Madore spent Sunday in Hyndman with his mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Madore.

Mr. Miley M. Griffith, a traveling salesman, is spending a few days at his home here.

Mrs. John B. Gunning of Cresaptown, Md., is the guest of her mother, Mrs. Catherine Hughes.

Mrs. Hiram Felton of Woodbury spent several days last week with her sister, Mrs. G. R. Shuck.

Mr. and Mrs. Clyde G. Schell and son Frank, of Allegheny, are guests of Bedford and Schellsburg relatives.

Messrs. W. F. and C. S. Benckheimer, of Cessna, R. F. D. No. 1, were pleasant callers at our office on Tuesday.

Miss Virginia Tate Cowan and Mr. Ross R. Smith, of Philadelphia, are guests of their aunt, Mrs. Jane M. Kerr.

Mrs. William M. Hall and family, of Pittsburg, are visiting at the home of Mrs. Hall's father, Capt. A. L. Lyon.

Mrs. D. M. Billman and two children returned on Wednesday from a visit to relatives and friends in Perry County.

Mr. F. R. Ickes of Jacksonville, Fla., is spending some time with his father, Mr. S. B. Ickes, at Cessna, and in Bedford.

Attorney Joseph A. Reed of Philadelphia, son of the late John P. Reed, accompanied by his wife, is visiting relatives here.

U. S. District Attorney John H. Jordan attended the meetings of the Bar Association held at the Bedford Springs this week.

Prof. H. C. Delbert of Philadelphia was visiting at the home of Samuel E. Miller of near Mann's Choice a few days the past week.

Mr. Harry G. Shuck, cashier of the First National Bank, Central City, Colo., is the guest of his mother, Mrs. Annie D. Shuck, West Pitt Street.

Mr. H. D. Drenning of Cumberland Valley, who had the misfortune to badly cut his foot recently, was transacting business in town on Wednesday.

Mr. J. George Jordan, who is a student at State College, is spending the summer vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Jordan, East Penn Street.

Sisters Innocent and Constance, of Mercy Hospital, Pittsburg, spent Sunday here with their parents, Mrs. Catherine Hughes and Mr. H. F. Weber of Bedford Township.

A Pleasant Surprise

A pretty and enjoyable event took place at the home of Samuel Furry of near Woodbury on June 24. It was held in honor of his birthday. Mr. Furry at first was greatly surprised but by his cheerful manner he soon adapted himself to circumstances, and gave a glad welcome to all. Everyone appeared overflowing with good will and a general good humor prevailed.

A dainty and delicious dinner, consisting of all the delicacies of the season, was served to which all did justice. Mr. Furry received many useful presents from his many friends—in hoping he may live to enjoy many more happy birthdays. There were 128 in attendance.

A BURNT BARRIER.

The Lover Laid His Pride at His Sweetheart's Feet.

By MARIE MONTROSE.

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Down the dust white country road sped Doxy, palpitating and panic stricken, her eyes bent on a volume of smoke that was rolling up from the sheep dotted pasture. She went "cross lots" and came to the charred remains of the old farmhouse, where a knot of neighbors, helpless and wondering, gathered round the pathetically small pile of rescued household effects.

Doxy was not a young woman, but she was of the type that time touched gently. Her eyes were soft and gray and expressive of a past but unforgetten time. Her optimistic fatalism was not wanting in this hour of trouble.

"I don't see how you managed to save so many things," she said to her friends, each of whom at this encouragement began to point out what he had snatched from the flames.

"See, Miss Barton," cried a lad, triumphantly thrusting a tin can into her hand, "I heard you say as how this 'ere was yer bank, so I grabbed it fust thing."

"Oh, Jim, there is \$50 in it!" Her father, Seth Barton, now arrived upon the scene. His heart was full of memories which were smothered in the philosophical remark, "Never could have saved her in this wind!"

"You and Doxy 'll come right home with us and stay," cordially invited, the nearest neighbor.

The others followed suit in this proffer of hospitality, tendering wide open doors.

"You are so kind, but we'll stay right here," said Doxy in response to each invitation. "Our upstairs is fitted up snug as a firsides, you know."

Her father's stoical face brightened. He had a catlike clinging to home—not from love of every heart beat for it, as in Doxy's case, but because he could not bear the thought of uprooting and transplanting.

The neighbors carried the goods and chattels to the barn and helped Doxy arrange a temporary home. While the men were aiding in the evening work their wives prepared supper. Any event, joyful or calamitous, in the district was deemed an "occasion" worthy of a general repast. After supper they departed for their homes. Seth settled down to his evening pipe and weekly paper as if nothing had happened.

Then Doxy in the soft shadows of the dusk stole out and went through the garden to the blackened ruins of tottering walls and crumbled mortar. All the voices of long ago called to her, most persistently the voice of the youth who ten years before had wooed her.

There had been the lovers' quarrel, and Jed Knox in a moment of hot headed anger had sworn he would never again cross the Barton threshold.

Time and events showed him that he was entirely in the wrong and that the quarrel had been of his own making, but he held stubbornly to his oath. With quiet and firm dignity Doxy had refused to see him else where than in her own home.

As Jed's stubbornness increased he grew bitter and morose, avoiding all mention of Doxy.

She started at sight of a man coming from out the ruins, but in an instant she recognized Sol Oppor, the village carpenter, early in line for a contract.

"Sol," said Doxy briskly, "I want you to build me a house as near like this as you can."

"Waal, Miss Barton, tell me how much you can put into a house."

"There's the \$50 Jim saved, the bank account, a little insurance, some that Hobbs owes us."

After a mental accounting she gave the total of her capital. Sol shook his head discouragingly.

"You can't do it noways for that money."

"Knock out the cellar," commanded Doxy, "and take off the blinds. In the fall I will use the turkey for blinds."

"The turkeys!" repeated Sol wonderingly.

"The money I get for selling them, I mean."

When the blinds were off, the bay window deducted, the gables torn off, the back porch taken away, the stairs removed and a general clearing of fire-place, attic, paint, plaster, lath and partitions had been effected, the amount of cash available was triumphantly reached.

The architecture appealed to Sol as easy to build, but was not in accordance with his ideas of what a dwelling should be.

"Your house won't have no insides, Miss Barton, but I'll be on hand tomorrow to begin," said he disapprovingly.

When he had gone she again resumed her twilight reveries.

"Miss Doxy?"

She started and, turning, saw the figure of a lad so like the youth of the long ago that there was a momentary stirring in her heart like pain.

"Don't you remember me? Laurie Knox?"

He was Jed's young nephew, who had been used as a child to spend his summer vacations with his uncle.

"Little Laurie! A man!"

"I hope so," he replied, taking her hand. "I came today for a visit after all these years. We just heard of the fire, and Uncle Jed asked me to come and see you and ask if there was anything we could do to help you. Won't

you and your father come over to Uncle Jed's and stay, just for night anyway?"

Had it been so long, then, his struggles? She pondered sadly. It hurt her that he could not come himself, but must send another. She thanked the boy kindly, but declined the invitation. After talking a few moments of old times she went down to the barn and see her father.

"You had better come, too," he pleaded. "I don't believe it's just good for you to stay here."

She smiled at his boyish wisdom. "Just a few moments more, Laurie, and then I'll join you and father."

It was very quiet. A lone bird called. She felt solitary and outlived. A third time she was interrupted. There was no mistaking the man. Jed, strong and straight, his grimness softened, but showing in the lines of his face, came straight up to her.

"Doxy, I thought they would never go. As soon as I sent the lad I knew I must come myself. I took a short cut, but the Oppor man was ahead of me and then Laurie."

"Well?" Her voice was curiously subdued. "Doxy, I am here at last. I have punished myself all these years, which have not meant much to you, for you are as young and as fair as the night."

"The night you said you should never cross our threshold."

"Doxy," he cried, seizing her hand passionately. "I have suffered for it. Be good to me."

"Why did you come tonight, Jed?" she asked quietly, but with beating heart.

"Why? Because everything brought me. I couldn't keep away."

"You came," she said, turning proudly away, "because you knew that at last you could come and still keep your oath, because you knew the house was gone."

"No," he said, with a long breath. "You don't mean that, and you don't think so."

She felt his strong arms about her. She was lifted and carried over the smoking ashes and bricks to the place where the doorstep had been. He held her closely with his left arm, while his right hand grasped a blackened beam. In a moment he was standing on the charred threshold, pressing her to him in a tight embrace.

"Here," he said with forced lightness, "I lay my pride at your feet. Now, Doxy, won't you say something?" "Never mind the ten years now, Jed. They are gone—like the house."

"But we'll have a new house. Doxy, right here, and Sol shall put on and in all those things you told him to leave off."

"I say," cried the voice of Laurie from a distance, "Uncle Seth just found a ten dollar bill in the old dictionary. He says he'll bet it's the one he lost ten years ago."

If you have pains in the back, weak back, or any other indication of a weakened or disordered condition of the kidneys or bladder, you should get DeWitt's Kidney and Bladder Pills right away when you experience the least sign of kidney or bladder complaints, but be sure that you get DeWitt's Kidney and Bladder Pills. We know what they will do for you, and if you will send your name to E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago, you will receive a free trial box of these kidney and bladder pills. They are sold here by all druggists.

Revenue From Hunting

A deer in the bush is worth more than a deer in hand—according to President Roosevelt; for the live deer attracts the tourists and the sportsmen, who leave money behind, money found because it cost the state nothing. This is borne out by Germany, where 600,000 people yearly pay for hunting in the forests. The returns from hunting licenses and rentals amount to \$32,500,000 yearly for Germany. Germany is ahead of the United States in this respect. Only one state approaches Germany in revenues from hunting and tourists. Maine's 250,000 tourists yearly leave \$25,000,000 behind them. Alabama collects yearly \$25,000 in hunter's fee.—From "Our National Heritage," in The Outing Magazine for July.



THE ANTISEPTIC BOOTH'S BALM

Do You Know Anything at All About Booth's Balm the Antiseptic, Healing Ointment?

If not, then it's high time you did.

Booth's Balm is an absolute necessity in hundreds of thousands of the best homes in America.

Booth's Balm is not a greasy, ill-smelling, repulsive ointment, but a pleasant preparation, chock full of most antiseptic and healing virtue.

Booth's Balm is so much better than ordinary ointments for so very many things, that most people are sceptical till they try it.

It cures burns and scalds, sores and bruises, sore nose, inside and out, earache, chapped face and hands, chaffing and itching skin, pimples, blackheads, eczema, sore throat and chest, and piles.

F. W. Jordan sells Booth's Balm, which contains that powerful and healing antiseptic eucalyptus, and a large box costs only 25 cents.

HYOMEI

Cures catarrh or money back. Just breathe it in. Complete outfit, including inhaler \$1. Extra bottles 50c. Druggists.

TO AILING WOMEN

A Little Sound Advice Will Help Many a Sufferer in Bedford.

No woman can be healthy and well if the kidneys are sick. Poisons that pass off in the urine when the kidneys are well are retained in the body when the kidneys are sick. Kidneys and bladder get inflamed and swollen, crowding the delicate female organs, and sometimes displacing them. This is the cause of many bearing-down pains, lameness, backache, sideache, etc. Uric poisoning also causes headaches, dizzy spells, languor, nervousness and rheumatic pain.

When suffering so, try Doan's Kidney Pills, the remedy that cures sick kidneys. You will get better as the kidneys get better, and health will return when the kidneys are well. Let a fellow-sufferer tell you about Doan's Kidney Pills.

Mrs. Harry Sproul, Clarence St., Hyndman, Pa., says: "I suffered from kidney trouble and was unable to obtain relief. I had the usual symptoms that accompany this complaint and it would be hard to describe the misery I endured. I was subject to chills and dizzy spells, was very nervous and suffered from headaches. Doan's Kidney Pills were finally brought to my attention and I procured a box. I improved from the first and by the time I had taken the contents of four boxes I was without a sign of kidney trouble. I have had no return of the malady since and I therefore know that Doan's Kidney Pills effected a permanent cure."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other. July 2-2t.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *W. H. Porter*

Fixing the Blame.

The young man had returned from his wedding trip and was again at his desk in the office. It was the day after his return that the junior partner called him to his desk and said:

"Now that you're married, Mr. Quills, I trust you will be considerate in your treatment of me."

"I don't quite understand you, sir," exclaimed the young man in surprise.

"Oh, it's a little early, I know," admitted the junior partner, "but there's nothing like taking time by the forelock. I suppose you haven't been out late at night yet?"

"Certainly not, sir."

"And it's none of my business if you have. But when you do stay out some night be considerate. Remember that I have a reputation for fairness and humane treatment of everybody in this office that I would like to retain. Don't tell your wife that you're sorry you're late, but that that slave driver at the office piled work upon you to such an extent that you had to work right into the night. Don't tell her that the tyrant you work under gave you 15.6d for dinner and told you that you would have to post all the books in the office before leaving for the night. Just invent some other excuse, you know."

The young man thought the matter over for a minute or two and then asked anxiously:

"Well, if I should be late what shall I say?"

"Oh, put it on the senior partner, as I do. He can stand it."—London Answers.

Many people with chronic throat and lung trouble have found comfort and relief in Foley's Honey and Tar as it cures stubborn coughs after other treatment has failed. L. M. Ruggles, Reasnor, Iowa, writes: "The doctors said I had consumption, and I got no better until I took Foley's Honey and Tar. It stopped the hemorrhages and pain in my lungs and they are now as sound as a bullet. Ed. D. Heckerman."

Get DeWitt's Carbolic Witch Hazel Salve when you ask for it. There are a great many imitations, but there is just one original. This salve is good for anything where a salve is needed to be used, but it is especially good for Piles. Sold by all druggists.

A King's Bank.

The practice of hiding money in all manner of out of the way corners is by no means modern. In the old days, according to "Gleanings After Time," secret receptacles were often made in the bedsteads and contributed both to safety and romance. On Aug. 21, 1485, Richard III. arrived at Leicester. His servants had preceded him with the running wardrobe, and in the best chamber of the Blue Boar a ponderous four post bedstead was set up. It was richly carved, gilded and decorated and had a double bottom of boards. Richard slept in it that night. After his defeat and death on Bosworth field it was stripped of its rich hangings, but the heavy and cumbersome bedstead was left at the Blue Boar. In the reign of Edward IV. when the hostess was shaking the bed, she observed a piece of gold of ancient coinage fall on the floor. This led to a careful examination, when the double bottom was discovered, upon lifting a portion of which the interior was found to be filled with gold, part coined in the reign of Richard III. and the rest of earlier times.

Pineules are for all kidneys, liver, bladder, rheumatic and urinary complaints. They assist in separating salt and water with their poisons from the blood. They act promptly. Sold by Ed. D. Heckerman.

Patriotic Preparations

Here is money, my boy, to go down to the store.

Some bunches of crackers to buy, And rockets and pinwheels and maybe balloons.

For tomorrow's the Fourth of July. And the crackers will bang, with a beautiful noise,

And the rockets will burst overhead

And fill in a glorious fountain of fire Or stars of blue, yellow, and red.

You can get some torpedoes to add to the din,

And perhaps a toy-pistol, as well, With plenty of cartridges, blanks, to be used

The smoke and the racket to swell, And do not forget on your way to stop in

At the drug-store and get a supply Of arnica, court-plaster, lotions, and lint,

For tomorrow's the Fourth of July. —July Lippincott's.

ManZan is good for any kind of Piles. It stops inflammation, creates a normal circulation, thus reducing the Piles, and heals the parts affected. ManZan may be conveniently and easily applied, as the tube in which it is put up has a small, patent nozzle attached. Sold by Ed. D. Heckerman.

The Bohemian Magazine for July

An attractive array of illustrated special articles and short stories may be found in the July Bohemian Magazine. "The Comic Journals of Europe," by Lenore Van de Veer, is an interesting study of English, French, German, Spanish and Italian humor, as exemplified by the "funny papers" of those countries. Reproductions of representative jokes supplement the text. George Jean Nathan's regular theatrical article treats amusingly of Vaudeville, and "The Science of the Dip," by John S. Lopez, tells of pickpockets and their acquisitive methods. Another of the popular series of college articles is written around "Princeton Professors." Eight meritorious tales of love, adventure, and humor, together with the departments of Eric-a-Brac, Verse and Books of the Day, go to make up an exceptionally strong appeal to the magazine reader.

Dyspepsia is our national ailment. Burdock Blood Bitters is the national cure for it. It strengthens stomach membranes, promotes flow of digestive juices, purifies the blood, builds you up.

The surest and easiest way to cure a cough or cold is by gently and freely moving the bowels. Bees Laxative Cough Syrup is pleasant, stops the coughing and quickly relieves the cold by allaying congestion and by pleasantly and promptly moving the bowels. Sold by Ed. D. Heckerman.

A Case For Condolence.

Not all that glitters is gold and not all who lean over the rail are seafolk. One of the lessons of life is not to take too much for granted. However, in the instance mentioned by F. J. M. Smith in "The Hades of Ardenne" the sympathy was as genuine as if the object had been more deserving.

Night was falling as Daubiton paced the deck. One by one the passengers had gone below. One lady remained in the stern, leaning over the rail, gazing sadly over the sea. Daubiton could just make out her outlines in the dusk.

As he drew near her on one of his rounds a heartrending groan startled his ears. He looked wistfully at the graceful figure shrouded in its long garment. He could make out the small head bent over the foaming water in exquisite feminine grace. If he could only help her!

Back and forth he paced. She was evidently suffering from the worst form of seasickness. It was sad to think of her all alone with no one to comfort her. Daubiton debated. Perhaps she preferred to be left alone.

The boat suddenly gave a roll and plunged wildly. There was a shrill shriek, followed by a terrible groan. Daubiton could stand it no longer. He went to her and spoke respectfully, "Can I do anything for you?"

"There was no answer."

"She seems unconscious," he said to himself and laid his hand gently on her shoulder. Then he started. It was no lady. It was a fender, and the groans were made by the chains which led from the rudder to the steering house.

Foley's Honey and Tar not only stops chronic coughs that weaken the constitution and develop into consumption, but heals and strengthens the lungs. It affords comfort and relief in the worst cases of chronic bronchitis, asthma, hay fever and lung trouble. Ed. D. Heckerman.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Everyone would be benefited by taking Foley's Orino Laxative for stomach and liver trouble and habitual constipation. It sweetens the stomach and breath, gently stimulates the liver and regulates the bowels and is much superior to pills and ordinary laxatives. Why not try Foley's Orino Laxative today? Ed. D. Heckerman.

Any skin itching is a temper-tester. The more you scratch the worse it itches. Doan's Ointment cures piles, eczema—any skin itching. At all drug stores.

LIGHTNING PROOF WATER PROOF FIRE PROOF

CORTRIGHT

CORTRIGHT METAL SHINGLES equally protect the house against lightning, storm, flying sparks and the waste of wear. It is the only roofing that fits—laid in half the time—no solder, no seams, fewest nails, least cutting. If you want the best roof money can buy, send for our three free books on Cortright Metal Shingles, as used all over America—and the name of one of your neighbors who has been using them for years.

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Fine Cut Flowers ABUNDANT IN ALL LINES. Roses, Violets, Calla Lilies, Carnations, Sweet Peas, Easter Lilies. Order of Us—Get what you want, when you want it, as you want it.

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GEORGE O. FARBER, Agent, Bedford, Pa.

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Ladies' \$3.50 Oxfords reduced to \$2.98.
Ladies' \$3.00 Oxfords reduced to \$2.48.

Fine line of Carpets, Linoleums, Oil Cloths, Window Shades, etc.

Don't forget our new line of Men's, Ladies', Misses' and Children's Oxfords, all colors and styles.

Men's Shoes and Clothing a specialty.

We will offer for the next ten days: Peaches, 2 lbs., 15c; Prunes, 2 lbs., 15c; Raisins, 2 lbs., 15c; 2 cans Corn, 15c; 2 cans Tomatoes, 15c; 2 cans Peas, 15c.

W. H. STRAUB'S General Store.

Pennsylvania Railroad

SIXTEEN-DAY EXCURSIONS

\$7.25 or \$9.25 to Atlantic City, Cape May
Anglesea, Wildwood, Holly Beach, Ocean City, Sea Isle City, Avalon, N. J., Rehoboth, Del., and Ocean City, Md.

\$9.25 or \$11.25 to Asbury Park, Long Branch
West End, Elberon, Deal Beach, Allenhurst, North Asbury Park, Ocean Grove, Bradley Beach, Belmar, Como, Spring Lake, Sea Girt, Brielle, Point Pleasant, and Bay Head, N. J.

Tickets at the lower rate good only in Coaches. Tickets at the higher rate good in Parlor or Sleeping Cars in connection with proper Pullman tickets.

JULY 15, 1909

Train leaves Bedford 9.10 A. M., connecting with
Special Train of Parlor Cars and Coaches

running through to Atlantic City and stopping at Philadelphia, to discharge passengers. Tickets good for passage on Special Train or on trains leaving Pittsburgh at 4.55 p. m., 8.33 p. m., or 8.50 p. m., and their connections going, and all regular trains returning within sixteen days.

Stops will be made for meals or dining car service will be provided. For stop-over privileges and full information consult nearest Ticket Agent.

Similar Excursions July 29, August 12, 26, and September 9

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Everything You Have to be Cleaned or Dyed.

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AT BEDFORD, WEDNESDAY, JULY 14, 1909.

Can be seen at Huntingdon on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE GAZETTE

LAWYERS IN SESSION AT SPRINGS

(Continued From First Page.)

to parade the witness's religious or want of religious views before the public. If he is going to lie, the form in which he obligates himself to tell the truth will not stop his lying. Happily the juror, chosen, as he is, from all walks in life, is from his youth up trained to value truly the worth of human statements."

Paroling of Convicts

The act relating to the paroling of convicts authorizes the trial judge, except in cases of murder, burglary of an inhabited dwelling-house, and certain other heinous felonies, to suspend sentence upon first offenders and place them on probation; the act also provides for a system of discharge on probation by the Board of Inspectors of penitentiaries after service of a minimum sentence.

The central thought of the act is to release first offenders and give them a chance to redeem themselves and to detain the habitual criminals in the penitentiary as long as possible and thus prevent them from preying on society.

Following Sermon on Mount

A number of other states have enacted laws on this subject, Massachusetts as early as 1880. "This law deals with the question of the punishment of criminals from the very opposite standpoint of the old doctrine of an eye for an eye and a tooth for a tooth, and is more akin to the Sermon on the Mount."

This act is an experiment in this State and its success or failure will depend largely on how the judges will enforce its provisions. It will require the exercise of a sound judgment, a profound knowledge of human nature, and a loving sympathy with the weakness of mankind to obtain the best results. A maudlin sympathy will be as much out of place as an undue severity.

The power of the court to parole prisoners will cease with the imposing of sentence; after which it will rest with the Prison Inspectors.

"I look forward to the operation of this act without fear and with an abiding faith that good will come of it for the benefit of our Commonwealth."

A Graft-Blocking Law

Probably the most important of the acts of the recent Legislature is that which makes it a crime for any State official to pay or to authorize payment of money out of the State treasury, except by authority of an act of Assembly. A practice had grown up under the constitutional provisions requiring "appropriations by law"; of specifying the amount of appropriations and providing for payment generally "out of any moneys not otherwise appropriated in the treasury."

Because found convenient in some cases, the amount of the appropriation was not stated and this was the beginning of a system of legislation under which appropriations were made not of specified amounts, but of such amounts as were necessary for contracts out of the moneys not otherwise appropriated.

It was under this system that nine millions of dollars were drawn out of the treasury to complete the Capitol Building, though it was plain from the statutes that the Legislature intended to control the expenditures.

Origin of Capitol Scandal

"In its origin it was but a slight departure from the right path, yet in the end it caused one of the greatest scandals of the day, ruined the reputations of men who had been honored by high office, and some of whom have gone down in sorrow to their graves. It caused a loss of many millions of dollars to this State and besmirched its fair name so that in the presence of strangers we hung our heads in very shame for the disgrace that had been brought upon us."

The absence of adequate criminal legislation contributed to this result.

Under the new law, the official who authorizes payment and the State Treasurer who pays without authority of an act specifying the purpose and the amount to be expended, commits a crime, and with such law in force such misuse of public funds is not likely to occur again.

Under the act of April 29, all warrants on the State Treasurer shall be issued or countersigned by the Auditor-General and sent to the Treasurer, who retains the warrant and pays directly to the person entitled, which enables the Treasurer to examine before paying.

A Check to Banking Abuses

Insolvent banking institutions have procured the appointment of receivers, and it having been decided that a receiver subsequently appointed at the instance of the Attorney-General did not supersede the previously appointed receiver procured by the bank, the act of April 23 makes such later appointment supersede the earlier. "Public policy requires that the receiver of such an institution

should not be appointed at the instance of the officials who brought the same to grief, but such receiver should be a disinterested person in nowise concerned with the institution, nor should he owe his appointment to any act of the bank officials, but he should be appointed on the application of the State authorities, to whom he should be required to report any violations of law which his investigation revealed. It is believed that the act under consideration will accomplish this result."

Another act passed on the same day makes it a crime for any officer of any financial institution receiving deposits, and the abettors, to misapply funds, and the banking commissioner shall institute proceedings against violators. This act is substantially like that of Congress governing national banks.

Previous provision on the subject being contained in an act to establish and regulate free banking, was limited in its operation to banks incorporated under that act and there were only two such banks. The system of bank supervision in this State should be improved by an act drawn on the lines of the national legislation.

Own Department Needs Reform

No department of State government is more in need of reorganization, said President Todd, than that over which he himself presides. Under existing laws resident lawyers may be employed by the Auditor-General, the Dairy and Food Commissioner, the Fish Commissioner and Game Commissioner, while "All the litigation in which the State is interested should be under the sole direction and control of the Attorney-General's department, who should have authority to employ necessary resident counsel to be paid out of an appropriation directly made for that purpose, so that the people of the State shall know just how much is expended for carrying on its law business."

Necessity of Vetoes Explained

President Todd explained the necessity for the Governor vetoing several bills, including that which sought to give to the courts the legislative function of determining the reasonableness of license charged by the municipality to water, gas, and other companies occupying public highways.

"No power in the land could make the courts perform such duties if they should decline to do so." "Indeed it is the duty of the courts to maintain rigidly the line of demarcation between the judicial and legislative functions of government."

Power to Regulate Charges of Utility Corporations

With respect to the charges of public utility corporations, President Todd said:

"We have abundance of authority for the proposition that the Legislature has not only the right, but it is its duty, to regulate the charges for the services of public utility corporations. The amount of the regulation rests in the sound discretion of the Legislature, subject to one condition only, and that is that such regulation is not confiscatory and by confiscatory is meant that the operation thereof does not deprive the corporations of the ability to earn a fund applicable to dividends which one case in this State says should not be less than six per cent. per annum on the actual capital invested in the enterprise. This necessarily gives rise to a question that the courts alone have jurisdiction to determine. It is a delicate question. The Legislature is supreme within its province and the courts are likewise supreme within their province. If the Legislature passes a confiscatory regulation it exceeds its province and it is for the courts to say so, but if the regulation is not confiscatory, but nevertheless some might think is an unnecessary intermeddling with the affairs of such corporations, it is not for the courts to say so, but, on the contrary, they should be careful not to invade the exclusive province of the Legislature in such matters. If our form of representative constitutional government is to be maintained, there must be no trespassing by one branch of the government on the jurisdiction of the other or the others, but each must be confined to its proper sphere."

Preserve Our Glorious Heritage

"We have received a glorious heritage of government by law. Our rights of person and rights of property are reasonably secure. Then let us see to it, both as lawyers and citizens of this Commonwealth and this country, that this government which we have received from our forebears we transmit to our children in all its plenitude unimpaired and untarnished by any act of ours, that they seeing will in turn hand it on to those that are to come after, to the end that the government of laws and not of men which we live under may be established in perpetuity."

Uniform Court Rules

The report of the Committee on Law Reform was presented by Alexander Simpson, Jr., of Philadelphia, chairman. Its principal recommendation favored the passage of an act

empowering the Supreme Court to adopt and promulgate general rules of practice upon any subject for all the several courts of record of the commonwealth. It was urged in support of the recommendation that it would bring certainty and uniformity in practice where there is now much confusion, and it was shown that this method was in conformity with that obtaining in the federal courts and in the majority of the courts of all the states. Much testimony was adduced from the practice of other states showing that the proposed plan had worked well and met the approval of the courts, the bar, and the public.

There were then presented in turn the report of the committee on Legal Education, and that on Legal Biography, by George Wharton Pepper, of Philadelphia, and Hon. Harman Yerkes, of Doylestown, respectively.

Scandalous Judicial Campaigns

Then followed the report of the Grievance Committee—Cyrus G. Derr, Chairman, which stated that complaint had been made of scandalously large sums of money spent in judicial campaigns.

"It is reasonable to assume that each candidate would have preferred being elected without expending much money or any money whatsoever."

"If both the candidates were resolutely to have refrained from spending money, one of them would have been elected just the same."

"However, when candidates are committed to the fight, there come forth men who may be just ordinary men when no election is pending, but who are of high importance in political contests, trained warriors who in primary campaigns at least

are ready to do battle for either side; like Corporal Dalgetty, they make no scrutiny into the merits of the controversy, and, moreover, resemble the German mercenary soldiers so cordially vilified by Dalgetty, who on the eve of battle would demand their wages, crying 'gelt! gelt!' and refuse to deliver a blow until duly paid."

"These practical workers will not allow a judicial campaign to progress tamely; by their preliminary manoeuvres, they frighten both candidates and then, gentlemen of the Bar who became candidates with the best of intentions, now actuated by what they regard necessity, proceed to borrow money and adopt the common methods of politics."

If the evil were allowed to develop according to its nature, either candidacy for the bench would have to be limited to lawyers of large fortune or the salaries of judges would have to be largely increased or judges must be allowed to make merchandise of justice.

"A judge with fortune impaired, feeling constantly a strong need of money, necessity's sharp pinch, is like other men."

"What hope is there remaining for justice ultimately and for the pure administration thereof, if large part of the judges' salaries for ten years be made over by anticipation to political workers; if the candidates' accounts filed among the records of the courts show expenditures so grossly out of proportion to the purposes designated as to create incredulity and scandal; if the people made familiar with such methods and many of them deriving profit therefrom are in nowise offended thereby, and if this organization composed of 1000 distinguished lawyers and constituted for the avowed purpose of preserving and advancing the interests of justice shall not make some endeavor to prevent recurrence of such method of electing judges?"

Imperial German Civil Code

The report of the Committee on Comparative Jurisprudence, through its chairman, Charles Wetherill of Philadelphia, gave an account of the progress of the work of the translation and publication of the Imperial Civil Code of Germany, for the use of the American and English speaking bar generally, which the Association has undertaken in co-operation with the University of Pennsylvania. The translation and printing of the work was reported to be completed and it will soon be issued, making accessible to students, practitioners, and legislators this important code.

To Weed Out Legislative Junk

The committee also calls attention to a practice of the British Parliament of periodically weeding out crude, obsolete, contradictory, and unnecessary laws and of eliminating legislative junk from the statute-books. It is recommended that, as since the foundation of the State no such process has been applied to the mass of the statute law of Pennsylvania, it would be well to refer the subject to the Committee on Law Reform, for consideration, with a view of having the Legislative Reference Committee prepare a list of statutes which should be repealed as needless and obsolete.

Legal Ethics

The report of the Committee on Legal Ethics, of which Hon. Nathaniel Ewing is Chairman, stated that after submitting the Code of Ethics,

as prepared by the committee, to various authorities, said code was, almost without exception, preferred to that adopted by the American Bar Association as more terse and forcible and as placing the rectitude of conduct of judges and lawyers upon a higher plane. The code as submitted and printed with the report contains 144 paragraphs and in terse epigrammatic language, lays down general rules of conduct, the observance of which by lawyers and judges in their relations to clients and the public will be conducive to the maintenance of a high standard of professional honor, and to the upholding of that respect for the law and its administration which is so necessary to the welfare of society.

To Abolish the Superior Court

The abolition of the Superior Court and the promotion of the judges of that court to the bench of the Supreme Court, by an enlargement of that court through a constitutional amendment, was the somewhat startling substance of the report of the Committee on Constitution of Courts in Pennsylvania, of which Hon. H. M. McClure, of Lewisburg, is chairman. Some of the reasons urged for the abolition of the Superior Court are: that its judgments are not decisive of the law and lead to uncertainty and confusion; that its decisions are merely persuasive evidence of the law, and the principles they establish may be overturned years after innocent parties have acted upon them, approximately one-third of its decisions having already been reversed; that its establishment was a departure from the simplicity of Pennsylvania procedure, and that it hinders and delays the admiration of justice; that successive appeals from court to court put in the hands of unscrupulous persons the power to fight off the just claims of poor litigants until the ultimate judgment is consumed by the cost of obtaining it, and that such a court is against the precedents and the consensus of legal opinion in the majority of the States of the Union.

The committee presents an amendment to the Constitution to carry this recommendation into effect. Under it the Supreme Court is to consist of fourteen judges who may sit in banc, in two departments of seven judges each. It is also recommended that the Supreme Court, instead of traveling around the State, as at present, sit in one place, preferably at Harrisburg, the capital, as is the case with the majority of the supreme courts of the other States of the Union.

A War For Political Rights

At the evening session, before a large assemblage of the members and their ladies, the annual address upon the subject "Thomas W. Dorr, and the Dorr War in Rhode Island," was delivered by Hon. Amasa M. Eaton of Providence, R. I. The story of the Dorr War relates to the struggle of the people of Rhode Island for the right of universal suffrage, a right which was denied and withheld in that Commonwealth long after it had been attained in all the other States of the Union. Up to 1842, in Rhode Island, only those were permitted to vote who were the owners of land, and their eldest sons. The State was still governed under the old royal charter from the King of England, and the General Assembly had paramount and absolute power.

There had been fruitless agitation for many years for an enlargement of the suffrage and a liberal constitution, and Thomas W. Dorr, a learned lawyer of high character and attainments, became the leader of this movement. Finally a convention was called, without the authority of the General Assembly, a constitution adopted, and an election for a Governor, Legislature, and other State officers was held under it. Dorr was chosen as Governor, and his Legislature having met, he was duly inaugurated, and a rival government set up, which might easily have succeeded in becoming the de facto government, but for a series of blunders and mistakes, among which was a bungling attack upon the State Arsenal by a small body of troops of the Dorr faction. This ended the attempt, Dorr fled the State, subsequently returning, when he was arrested, tried for treason, and sentenced to imprisonment for life. Popular opinion, however, demanded his release, which took place after he had been imprisoned for about a year.

His war, though unsuccessful, on its face, was in reality a success, for in the same year the General Assembly of the State assented to the adoption of a Constitution which granted universal suffrage, substantially as demanded by Dorr and his followers, and which remains as the fundamental law of the State to this day.

The speaker paid a high tribute to the character, attainments, and patriotism of Dorr, and referred to him as one who will forever stand high upon the roll of Rhode Island's great men as a political reformer and public benefactor.

(Continued on Fourth Page.)

No Man is Stronger Than His Stomach



A strong man is strong all over. No man can be strong who is suffering from weak stomach with its consequent indigestion, or from some other disease of the stomach and its associated organs, which impairs digestion and nutrition. For when the stomach is weak or diseased there is a loss of the nutrition contained in food, which is the source of all physical strength. When a man "doesn't feel just right," when he doesn't sleep well, has an uncomfortable feeling in the stomach after eating, is languid, nervous, irritable and despondent, he is losing the nutrition needed to make strength.

Such a man should use Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. It enriches the blood, invigorates the liver, strengthens the kidneys, nourishes the nerves, and so GIVES HEALTH AND STRENGTH TO THE WHOLE BODY.

You can't afford to accept a secret nostrum as a substitute for this non-alcoholic medicine of known composition, not even though the urgent dealer may thereby make a little bigger profit. Ingredients printed on wrapper.

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61st ANNUAL STATEMENT

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Paid Policy Holders, 1908,	-	\$9,014,000

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D. R. STILES,

Somerset and Bedford County Agent, Waverly Hotel, - BEDFORD, PA.

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The Thrice-a-Week World's regular subscription price is only \$1 per year, and this pays for 156 papers. We offer this unequalled newspaper and The Bedford Gazette together for one year for \$2.20. The regular subscription price of the two papers is

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The Gazette is the leading newspaper of Bedford County and its circulation is far ahead of any of its contemporaries. As an advertising medium it is one of the best in this part of the state.

Regular subscription price per year \$1.50, payable in advance. Cards of Thanks, 50c; Resolutions, \$1.00.

All communications should be addressed to

Gazette Publishing Co.,
Bedford, Pa.

FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 2, 1909.

THAT DEPARTMENT RULING

That it is difficult for many individuals to adapt themselves to new surroundings is evident on every hand, and the same is true of new laws which we must obey and new edicts by those in authority to which we must adhere.

We have been, since the Post Office Department in 1908 issued an order forbidding publishers of weekly papers the use of the mails to forward papers to subscribers more than one year in arrears at the second class postage rate, notifying all our subscribers one month in advance of the time when the ruling of the Department would necessitate our removing their names from our list, and forwarding bills when the names were taken off.

We have no choice in the matter; we must obey the mandate of those in authority, which mandate is found in a pamphlet issued January 1, 1908, on pages 10 and 11 which reads as follows:

A reasonable time will be allowed publishers to secure renewals of subscriptions, but unless subscriptions are expressly renewed after the term for which they are paid, within the following periods:

Dailies, within three months;

Tri-weeklies, within six months;

Semi-weeklies, within nine months;

WEEKLIES, WITHIN ONE YEAR;

they shall not be counted in the legitimate list of subscribers, and copies mailed on account thereof SHALL NOT BE ACCEPTED FOR MAILING AT THE SECOND-CLASS POSTAGE RATE.

Despite the fact that we have monthly called attention to this ruling and mentioned it in all subscription bills and notices sent out, there are those who cannot become accustomed to new conditions, as is shown by a letter lying before us, which says:

"Editor Gazette—

'Here's a money order for \$1.50. Stop The Gazette. I don't believe you are not allowed to send the paper more than a year back. Stop mine. I'll get one where they will trust me.'

Our only comment on the above is, "It takes all sorts of men to make up a world."

LAWYERS IN SESSION AT SPRINGS

(Continued from third page.)

The special committee on contingent fees, of which Hon. Abraham M. Beidler, Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, Philadelphia, is chairman, dwelt especially upon that phase of the question known as "ambulance chasing." The committee conceded that contingent fees had the sanction of the Court and of the bar and that in many cases the practice was just and reasonable and often aided in securing the rights of a poor client who might otherwise be helpless to inaugurate meritorious legal proceedings.

The practice, however, has led to great abuses that must be condemned by all honest men. Accident business has become exceedingly remunerative, hence such cases are greatly solicited. There is a well-recognized class of practitioners styled "ambulance chasers," who literally run down the victims of accidents. Our attention has been called to a recent case in which the injured party was visited within twenty-four hours after he was hurt by "runners" from no less than seventeen attorneys. Each "runner" solicited the business of his employer, and the arguments advanced remind one of the old-time "barker" methods of luring the passer-by into a clothing shop. One "runner" had at his tongue's end the vari-

ous cases his employer had recently won and the size of the verdict in each. By another, a particular point was made that his employer had as medical experts doctors who had been fortunate in impressing upon juries the views put forward by them as to the injuries from which the client was suffering. Yet another told how his employer had advanced, pending trial, to one of his clients, enough to enable him to live for a year without work.

A Half and Half Arrangement

There is still a worse aspect of the matter. In the cases secured by "runners" and other forms of solicitation, it has been the custom to charge one-half of the amount recovered. Such fee is charged regardless of the labor involved, and it is exacted where a settlement is had without suit, or after suit, and before trial. It is charged whether the amount recovered is large or small. If the amount recovered is measured in hundreds of dollars, perhaps one-half is not an unreasonable fee and could be sustained on a quantum meruit. But there are many cases in which the recovery is measured in thousands of dollars, and in such cases a fee of one-half is almost always in excess of fair professional compensation.

The client is usually of the very class that needs protection. He is often poor, ignorant of our laws and customs—sometimes even of our language. He is told that half of the amount recovered is the usual fee in an accident case and that he cannot secure competent representation on less favorable terms. Further, when lying helpless, he is badgered and wheedled into contracting with an attorney. These are daily occurrences and we are not overstating the facts.

The report said that the companies' defendants were not entirely free from blame in this matter owing to the necessity of fighting fire with fire. Unfortunately, say the committee, boards of census are powerless in the premises and professional honor, truth and fair dealing are being swept away. As a remedy for the evils, it is recommended that the Association condemn the paid solicitation of business in negligence cases, in a most emphatic manner. It is stated that the practice has been made the subject of penal legislation in several states and the committee appends the statutes of several states dealing with this question, and especially commend the canon of the code of ethics of the American Bar Association which says that contingent fees should be under the supervision of the court in order that clients may be protected from unjust charges.

The second day of the Bar Association was one of interest. Lieutenant Governor Murphy presided. Reports of the committees made at Tuesday's sessions were taken up for consideration. The first report before the Association was that on Law Reform, of which Alexander Simpson, Jr., of Philadelphia is chairman. The proposed Act of Assembly entitled "An Act relating to elections to take under or against wills of decedents, to the recording thereof and of final decrees where parties have failed or refused to elect when required so to do, and forbidding distribution to such parties until they have made their elections" was recommended. The object of the Act was fully explained by Mr. Simpson but much opposition to the form developed. Ex-Governor Pennypacker proposed an amendment limiting elections to the surviving husband or widow of decedents, and this was adopted. Other objections were raised by Mr. Schaffer of Chester, Mr. Colahan of Philadelphia, and Mr. Hensel of Lancaster. Considering the divergence of opinion, the report was referred to the committee for consideration at the next annual meeting.

The report of the committee on "Comparative Jurisprudence" was recommended without debate. Of special note was the motion of Colonel Clements of Sunbury to call the attention of the Association to the report of the Committee on Grievances in which the use of money in judicial campaigns was criticised, and the committee is asked to make further investigation and report at the next meeting.

Of importance also was the report of the Committee on Legal Ethics. After some remarks by Mr. Meagher of Philadelphia, Mr. Hensel of Lancaster moved that the Code of Ethics adopted by the American Bar Association be adopted by the Pennsylvania Bar Association. This motion brought out a thorough discussion and the matter was finally referred back to the committee, which means the death of a separate code of ethics in Pennsylvania.

The Secretary then read the names of the committee appointed by President Todd on nominations, as follows:

Alexander Simpson, Jr., Philadelphia; Hon. W. Rush Gillen, Chambersburg; Hon. William U. Hensel, Lancaster; Howard W. Page, Philadelphia; Frank C. McGirr, Pittsburg; William T. Schaffer, Chester, and R. F. Hopwood, Uniontown.

There was no afternoon session and the members of the Association enjoyed themselves in the swimming pool, at tennis and in driving.

The Inspiration of Gibson

In advocacy of a new and progressive jurisprudence, John W. Appel of Lancaster at the evening session, cited as an illustrious example of the progressive jurist, Chief Justice John Bannister Gibson, who occupied a seat upon the Supreme Bench for 37 years.

The paper, entitled "Gibson and a Progressive Jurisprudence," gave a resume of the great work of Gibson in his interpretation of the English Common Law and in adapting it to our needs; in his building up of our system of equity, and in his interpretation of the Constitution. In the formative period of Pennsylvania law, Gibson moulded the material which came to his hand into rules and precedents adapted to the conditions and circumstances which he found.

He refused to slavishly follow precedent, when the conditions had outgrown it, and feared not to venture into new fields, where to do so was to aid justice and right. In the improvement of the law which the age demands, the paper held up the career and methods of Gibson as an inspiration to all who believed in the necessity of progress and reform in the law.

Comparative Law

"Comparative Law, as a Practical Science," was the title of a paper by William W. Smithers, Esq., of Philadelphia: the paper dwelt upon the urgent need of the study of the jurisprudence of other nations and peoples, not only for the benefit of law-making bodies, but for those who interpret and apply the law. "The mass of ill-considered, foolish, impracticable, needless, and unconstitutional statutes annually enacted, without that precedent, reasoned public demand, which alone can make a law, cries out for some guiding hand to stay the waste of time and money heretofore largely incidental to the work of legislative bodies. Some rational method, founded upon copious and exact knowledge, is needed to point out the true principles of law-making so that a sin shall be left to theological discussion, a vice to ethical education, and a crime alone become the subject of formal governmental enactment. So, too, there should be a means of indicating what would contravene the organic law and what has been tried by other States or nations and found impracticable or unjust." The recently aroused interest, in various countries, in comparative law was referred to as a sign of great improvement in jurisprudence.

The last day's session of the annual meeting began at 10 o'clock, with Attorney General Todd presiding, and a good attendance of members and spectators, who had come to listen to the papers to be read and to hear the discussions.

A Judicial Solecism

The stated program of the session was begun by the reading of a paper entitled "A Judicial Solecism," by A. J. W. Hutton, Esq., of Chambersburg. It was a learned criticism of the rule established by the Supreme Court as to wagering life insurance policies, the contention being that the rule, as laid down and now followed by the courts, in nowise precluded wagering policies, but, on the contrary, expressly permitted the taking out, by creditors, of policies, upon the lives of debtors, and collecting upon them amounts out of all proportion to the claims intended to be secured, thus making them a gamble upon human life.

Courts and Stock Watering

Following this, the paper entitled "Full-Paid and Non-Assessable," by Owen J. Roberts, Esq., of Philadelphia, was an arraignment of the stock-watering practices of corporations and promoters. It was alleged that "our whole system of corporate finance has come to be one of mere capitalization of prospective profits, with no substantial money interest on the part of the stockholders." Some criticism of the courts was indulged in for their leniency and failure to strictly enforce the laws requiring honest payment for stock in money or property, and thus encouraging and permitting palpable fraud in many cases and making possible many gambling propositions in corporate promotion. Some encouragement toward a better state of affairs was gathered from some recent rulings of the courts of New Jersey, and the belief was expressed that the progress marked by these decisions was indicative of a general movement for the abolition of these abuses. The opinion was expressed by the writer that a partial protection to the public would be afforded if no stock certificate should bear the dollar mark, but simply be issued to show the share of the holder in the total assets of the concern. The value of the share would then not be estimated by its denomination, whether \$1.00, \$10.00, or \$100.00, but solely by the value of the corporate property, thus rendering deception more difficult.

Constitution of the Courts

After the reading of the foregoing papers, which were very well received and attentively listened to by a large attendance of members, further discussions of papers and unfinished business was in order. Nothing of importance, however, was attached except the report of the Committee on Constitution of the Courts of Pennsylvania. The discussion was quite a spirited one, but not nearly so much as that upon the question of ethics on the day before. Three methods of meeting the situation were contended for. The first was that brought forward by the report of the Committee, viz: the passage of a constitutional amendment increasing the number of Supreme Court Judges to fourteen, promoting the present Superior Court Judges to the Supreme bench, abolishing the Superior Courts and having the Supreme Court as then constituted to sit in banc in two sections of seven Judges each.

The second proposition was that there be a Supreme Court of fourteen Judges, nine of them to sit all the time in the hearing of cases and the remaining five to write opinions all the time. This plan was suggested by William I. Schaffer, of Chester. The other plan, discussed and advocated, was to stick to the present system of courts without change.

The debates brought forth much legal learning on the constitution of the courts and the best methods of expediting the decision of causes and bringing about certainty, promptitude, and uniformity in the determination of legal questions. It was participated in by William I. Schaffer, of Chester, Alexander Simpson, Jr., of Philadelphia, General Henry White, of Indiana, William Righter Fisher, of Philadelphia, Thomas J. Meagher, of Philadelphia, and others. No action was taken, however, and on motion of General Henry White, of Indiana, the subject was re-committed, with instructions to make a further report at next year's meeting.

The Judiciary and Politics

Under the heading of "new business" the following resolution was introduced by Thomas S. Brown, of Allegheny:

Whereas, It is desirable that the judiciary department of our government be removed as far as practicable from the influence of politics, and the members thereof freed from the entanglements and exigencies of political relations: And

Whereas, It is manifest that in this Commonwealth, the judges are not sufficiently protected from the operation and influence of such relations; but, on the contrary are, unnecessarily and improperly exposed thereto, by the impositions upon them of non-judicial duties, and the conferring upon them of extra judicial powers; and by reason of other features and conditions of their positions, which might, by wise and proper effort, be removed and corrected:

Resolved, That this Association undertake to consider this situation, with the view to bringing about such improvement thereof as may be found practicable; and to that end the President is hereby authorized and directed to appoint a committee of seven members of this Association to examine and consider this subject and suggest such legislation, and other forms of effort, as may seem adapted to accomplish the result desired; and to report at the next meeting of this Association.

The resolution was passed without debate and the committee will be appointed later by the new President.

Election of Officers

Then came the election of officers as follows. The proceedings incident to the election of the President are given elsewhere.

President,

Gustav A. Endlich, President Judge of Berks County.

Vice Presidents,

W. L. Dalzell, Allegheny.

D. Watson Rowe, Franklin.

Russell C. Stewart, Northampton.

Charles M. Clement, Northumberland.

John I. Rodgers, Philadelphia.

Secretary,

Judge William H. Staake, Philadelphia.

Treasurer,

William Penn Lloyd, Cumberland.

Executive Committee,

William A. Blakely, Allegheny.

Samuel McClay, Allegheny.

Isaac Hiestor, Berks.

James C. Swartley, Bucks.

Frederick Bertolette, Carbon.

William M. Hayes, Chester.

Casper Dull, Dauphin.

John L. Rilling, Erie.

R. W. Playford, Fayette.

James E. Sayers, Greene.

William A. Wilcox, Lackawanna.

Charles F. Hager, Lancaster.

J. N. Martin, Lawrence.

Frank Jacobs, Lehigh.

N. H. Larziere, Montgomery.

J. B. Colahan, Jr., Philadelphia.

Edward L. Robbins, Westmoreland.

Robert Von Moschizker, Philadelphia.

Francis Fisher Kane, Philadelphia.

Men's and Young Men's Togs Exclusive in Style and Fabric

at common-sense prices, have placed us in the front ranks as outfitters to critical chaps.

If you want clothes of the most advanced fashion—garments that show at a glance and will prove by long service their superiority over the common-place, then you must come see our

New Model Suits for Men
and Young Men at \$8, \$10,
\$12, \$15 and \$18 : : :

They are wonderful creations that command admiration. See them. You will look smart, distinguished in any one of these exclusive models of your size. The style, range and fabric assortment assures the pleasing of every taste. Every suit guaranteed by the makers and by us. You can't make a mistake, no matter what your selection may be. At least come and see them and save money.

Also the greatest and largest line of Shoes of all kinds, Hats, Furnishing Goods, Shirts, &c.

SIMON OPPENHEIMER,
THE LEADING CLOTHIER,
Bedford, Pa.



A. Scaletta & Son Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Tropical Produce

Bananas, Oranges, Lemons and
Pineapples a Specialty

116 East Pitt Street, Bedford, Pa.



Let the occasion be what it will you'll have no trouble in finding the right things to wear here.

Never was the trimming question so easy with such an assortment of Laces, Embroideries, Passementeries, Novelty Braids, Bands, Gold, Silver and Pearl Garnitures to choose from.

In accessories there are Fans, Hair Ornaments, Gloves, Neckwear, Fancy Handkerchiefs, Slippers and Stockings, all in profusion and the very newest styles.

MRS. ELLA GILCHRIST
BEDFORD, PENNA.

WE ARE SELLING

Those Beautiful Lots in Alsip's Addition to Bedford Borough.

WHY PAY RENT?

Buy one of these lots and build your nest here. Persons contemplating housekeeping or planning for a home, will find this the ideal spot. Lots in high state of cultivation, 60x200 and 60x220 feet. Easy payment.

FLETCHER & TATE, Bedford, Pa.

Edmund B. Kiernan, Somerset.

William H. Allen, Warren.

After the adjournment the new Executive Committee held a meeting and John B. Colahan, Jr., of Philadelphia was re-elected Chairman.

The Banquet

The banquet in the evening, held in the large dining room of the hotel, was entirely in keeping with similar occasions at past annual meetings of the Association. Honorable Hampton Todd presided and acted as toastmaster. Seated at his right was Honorable Gustav A. Endlich, the President-elect. Others at the speakers' table were the speakers of the evening, distinguished guests and officials of the Association. The others in attendance were seated at small tables with six places to each table, the ladies and gentlemen being seated separately, the ladies being given preference with regard to seats most eligible for seeing and hearing the speakers. The dining room was beautifully decorated and the scene, when the banquet was at its height, was exceedingly brilliant and pleasing. The ladies had brought out their best dresses and their most pleasant and amiable looks. The gentlemen were all in full evening dress and, in appearance and in the

(Continued on Fifth Page.)

IN SESSION AT THE SURINGS (Continued From Fourth Page.)

manner of arrangement and conduct, the affair worthily represented the prestige and reputation of the organization.

The speakers acquitted themselves admirably of their task. Their remarks abounded in wit, wisdom and intellectual pabulum and were received with alternate laughter and applause. The committee in charge were generally felicitated upon their discernment in their selection of the speakers, though it should be no hard task to select from among the members of the Association plenty of men who are capable of acquitting themselves brilliantly as after-dinner orators.

LETTERS TO ELIZABETH

Incidents and Impressions of a Lady in Attendance at the Meeting of the Bar Association.

No. 1

Bedford Springs, June 28, 1909.
Dear Elizabeth:—

You know I told you I thought I would feel strange and dull and out of place among so many lawyers, going away to such solemn and weighty deliberations as take place at the meeting of the Bar Association. I have always been sort of afraid of lawyers. John is a lawyer, of course, but then I have him tamed, and he don't lawyer it much around home. But I know how they fight in Court and I thought they might get to fighting and arguing on the train and make me nervous, but to my surprise they were all just as pleasant as pie. They didn't talk law at all, and didn't seem a bit worried about those awful papers and addresses and statutes and laws and things they were going to make.

There were even judges on the train, but you couldn't tell them from anybody else, and I wasn't a bit afraid of them, and we had three Pullman cars, all of our own, and it was just delightful to be so exclusive so that nobody could crowd in on us. It was awful hot, but I felt real comfortable because I knew my traveling dress fitted me so nicely, and I could see everybody admiring it.

The country looked very beautiful, and all along the route farmers were working in the hay fields. It seemed to me awful that the poor men should be compelled to expose themselves in this way to the infection of hay fever; but I suppose they have to get in the hay or else the poor horses would starve; but some day when everybody gets automobiles or flying machines we won't need horses and then there will be no more hay fever.

We traveled through Lancaster County and we saw big fields, stuck full of little green plants. I asked somebody what it was, and they told me it was tobacco. I wondered what they did with so much tobacco. It seemed to me there could not be beastly men enough in the world to eat and smoke so much of the vile stuff. I asked a judge what they did with it all, and he said they made it up into pure Havana cigars. I could not understand this because I thought Havana was in Cuba, but I will look at the map and may be there is a Havana in Lancaster County.

After we left Harrisburg we traveled up the Juniata Valley. That is very pretty, but I had seen it before. You know John and I went on our wedding trip that way to the World's Fair at Chicago. I didn't tell anybody on the train about it because it was so long ago they would think that I was older than I really am, if they knew I had been married so long.

I asked a gentleman whether there were any fish in the Juniata, and he told me that it was one of the greatest fishing rivers in the world, that they caught sturgeon, sword fish, Spanish mackerel and a kind of small whale with feathers on them. I was much surprised at this because John is a fisherman and I never heard him say anything about it, but then he never tells me anything, anyway. It made me glad, however, that I had come, because it is a good thing to learn about the wonders of your own country. I have lived in Pennsylvania all my life and never knew there was such a wonderful river. Of course, as I looked at it I thought of the poem which I forget but which is something about bright Alfarata, blue Juniata and an Indian girl. One of the lawyers pointed out an island to me on which he said seven thousand settlers had been massacred in cold blood by the Indians. It was just grand to see such wonderful places and to meet people who knew so much.

At Huntingdon our three cars were put on to a special engine, which made it still more exclusive. It was the first time I had traveled on a real, genuine, special, exclusive train. And, to add to the delight as soon as we left Huntingdon and began to climb up hill, along a branch of the Juniata it began to get cooler. They told me

that long before the railroad was built the Indians marched up this valley by millions and used to fight battles that would make the river run red for weeks. There were a great many beautiful rhododendrons growing along the road, which are said to have been planted there by the Indians to decorate the graves of their chiefs and medicine men. This country seems to be just chuck full of history.

We got to Bedford between three and four o'clock and there was a great lot of carriages with hackmen yelling just like they do at all places you go in summer time. You ought to have seen some of the people on the train, who seemed to want to get off before it stopped, in order to rush for a carriage. When they got within about a mile of the station, they stood up holding their grips and things and they must have tired themselves more than if they had walked a mile. I just liked that special train and private car so well that I wanted to get all the good out of it that was in it, so I sat still until the train stopped. I made the porter carry all my things, for I had given him a tip and wanted to get the worth of my money; and without any hurry I got one of the best carriages.

But this is enough for one letter, so I will write again tomorrow and tell you about getting to the hotel and what we did there.

Affectionately yours,
JANE.

No. 2

Bedford Springs, June 29, 1909
Dear Elizabeth:—

My last letter brought me as far as Bedford station. It is a lovely drive from there to the Springs, over a road made by the state, through just the nicest kinds of woods and fields. A gentleman in our carriage said that all the great men of the country, James Buchanan, Henry Clay, General Jackson, John C. Calhoun, Thaddeus Stevens, Henry Ward Beecher, John L. Sullivan, General Scott, Martin Van Buren, John Quincy Adams and a whole lot of others had driven down this road and that few of them had driven back with much money in their pockets so there must be an awful lot of money spent at the Springs.

It was pretty near dark when we got here and you just ought to have seen everybody trying to get a room at once. I wouldn't want to be a hotel clerk for, if nice people like lawyers give them so much trouble, what a hard time they must have when they have common people to look after. You ought to have seen the trunks that some of them brought along. It looked as if some of the women had brought along their whole outfit of summer and winter clothes, just for three or four days, and the weather warm enough almost to do without any clothes at all.

This is a nice hotel and a nice place, with lots of shady groves, a stream of water running along the front, a couple of big mountains with walks all through them and just the loveliest trees and rocks. You can walk around for miles and miles, but why anybody should come down here to walk when they can get plenty of walking at home for less money, I don't know. Of course, the Springs are the principal thing. There is a whole lot of them. There is the Celibate spring, or something of that sort, and there is the Calcium spring and the Lythia spring, the Magnesia and a whole lot of other springs that sound like a chemistry book. They all taste alike, but each one of them cures more things than the other. You ought to see the people going over to the big spring in the morning and drinking water. It must be an awful place for temperance for I didn't see anybody drink anything but water, and I don't see how the men could drink anything else, after they go around and sample all the springs.

It is a great place for bridge. They have got a big bridge right from the front of the hotel across the creek to the Magnesia spring, and that is where everybody bridges it, even if they do not know what is trump. There is a lot of bridge also on the porches and in the parlors and some of them that play for a penny a point, or more, look awful sad when they have to pay up. It seems to me it is awful wicked to play for money, unless you win.

It's just grand to be here with so many great men. Now John, you know, isn't a great man, and you remember how papa used to object to him and say we would starve. But I wanted to marry a lawyer, but I don't know but what I would have taken John no matter what he'd been. I am glad now that I married a lawyer. It gives me a chance to get to such a nice place, and see such nice people, who are so celebrated. All of them know John, and are real pleasant with him, so I begin to think he will be a great man one of these days, too. I was introduced to Mr. Pennypacker, who used to be Governor. He is just as nice and pleasant as if he'd never been a Governor at all. When

I talked to him, I didn't believe any of the nasty things the newspapers used to say about him. He just looked as good as he could be, and I bet he is just as good and kind as he looks.

Mr. Todd, the Attorney General, is also here and he isn't stuck up a bit. He is just nice and pleasant. He don't look a bit severe, and when he hears the music he looks as if he would like to pick out the prettiest girl and dance her all over the ball room.

Then there is a wonderful young man here, his name is Judge Von Moschzisker. When they said he was a Judge I just tried to whistle. He looks so young, and such a dear, good looking young man. But he is Judge, all right in Philadelphia and everybody says a very good Judge, too; and more than that, he is to be elected one of the Supreme Judges next fall. It was a great surprise to me. I thought a Judge was somebody old and crabbed or in training to get crabbed.

Everywhere you go, around the porches and parlors, famous men and big lawyers, all as peaceable and happy as they can be. I am getting so used to big men that I would not be afraid to meet the President. I just wish Taft was here. I would like to go out and watch him play golf. They told me some of these lawyers get fees of ten, twenty and fifty thousand dollars. I don't see how they can take the money. John doesn't get that much. At least, if he does, he doesn't tell me about it. Maybe he would be ashamed to mention it if he did.

But really, there is so much to see here and I am enjoying it so much and trying so hard not to miss anything, that I hardly have time to write, so you will have to excuse me until tomorrow.

Your affectionate,
JANE.

P. S. You remember that pink dress I got last summer and had altered this spring; the people here think it is just lovely. Nobody seems to know it is an old one. I know lots of the other women are doing the same thing and the reason they don't stay long at one place is because they do not have dresses enough to hold out. But I don't blame them much. It is not everybody who can buy dresses like Mrs. Gould.

JANE.

(Continued next week.)

RES JESTAE

On one occasion after all the evidence was in and the plaintiff's attorney had made an elaborate argument, the defendant's attorney rose to begin his plea. "Wait a minute!" exclaimed the court. "I don't see no use in your proceedin', Mr. Brown. I have got a very clear idea now of the guilt of the prisoner at the bar, and anything more from you would have a tendency to confuse the court. I know he's guilty, and I don't want to take no chances."

In a case recently before the English Court of Appeal counsel for the respondent rose to reply to the arguments in behalf of the appellant. Before he had gotten well under way the Master of the Rolls interrupted him to say that he was about to decide the case in favor of the respondent. "In that case," remarked the learned counsel, promptly sitting down, "I shall make no speech to the court for fear of changing your lordship's opinion."

In the court of Circuit Judge Halsey, of Milwaukee, recently a "swift witness" by the name of Stanislaus Komiski was answering questions before they were out of the examiner's mouth. Finally Judge Halsey took a hand. "Are you," he asked, "the same Stanislaus Komiski?" "Yes," broke in the witness. "— who was hung yesterday?"

In a personal injury case recently tried in Sioux City, Iowa, counsel for the plaintiff, after introducing a number of witnesses, made the following request of the court: "As there are some material points in this case as to which there are no witnesses, counsel asks leave of the court to testify."

Most lawyers have been exasperated by prolix witnesses. A witness of a very different sort is the Windsor, Vt., woman, who testified a short time ago concerning the killing of a pig by a motor car. When asked to tell the court in as few words as possible just how the accident occurred, she replied: "It just tooted and tuck him."

The following incident, which happened in an English criminal court, shows a touching belief in the adage that "Money talks." "Have you," asked the judge of a prisoner just convicted, "anything to offer the court before sentence is passed?" "No, your honor," replied the prisoner, regretfully, "my lawyer took my last cent."

McClain-Kline

A very pretty wedding was solemnized at the parsonage of the First Lutheran Church, Altoona, at 5 o'clock Thursday morning, June 24, when Miss Myrtle May Kline of Altoona became the bride of Harry Ellsworth McClain of Saxton. The beautiful ring ceremony of the Lutheran Church was used by the pastor, Rev. Marion Justus Kline, D. D.

The bride is the accomplished daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Kline. The groom is a member of the firm of Stapleton and McClain of Saxton, who own and operate the Saxton roller mills.

Coy-Replegle

A quiet wedding took place at the parsonage of the Methodist Episcopal Church, Hollidaysburg, Friday, June 25, when James H. Coy of Saxton and Miss Lottie Mae Replegle of near Hollidaysburg were united in marriage by Rev. W. W. Hartman.

Myers-Stoler

A quiet home wedding took place in Saxton Wednesday, June 23, when Miss Tequard Stoler of that place and James G. Myers of Dobbin, W. Va., were united in marriage. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Rupp, pastor of the Reformed Church.

\$100 Reward, \$100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO, Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Springhope

June 30—The sound of the mower is again heard in our community, but the hay crop will not be an abundant one.

Chester Reninger, who has been visiting his parents at this place for a few days, left Monday to resume his studies at Juniata College, Huntingdon.

Miss Charity Blackburn, who has been attending school at Philadelphia, is home on a vacation.

Elmer Mauk and wife spent a couple days visiting the former's sister near Belden last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Jonah Clark, of Cherokee, Ia., who are at present visiting friends in Bedford County, spent a few hours on Tuesday with Pierre Hershberger and wife. Mrs. Clark was born and raised near this place.

John Clark and Mr. Scritchfield, of Mann's Choice, spent Saturday night and Sunday at George Ferguson's. Benjamin Troutman and wife, of near Cessna, stopped with Forest Deane's a while on Sunday on their way to New Paris to attend the German Baptist Love Feast. Pilgrim.

Point

July 1—Henry Miller and wife, of Johnstown, paid their parents, Abram Manges of near Helixville and Levi Miller of near Mann's Choice, a visit last week.

Miss Mary and Paul Studebaker, of Windber, were guests of their uncle, George A. Dull, Saturday and Sunday.

St. Clairsville Lutheran Pastorate Services Sunday, July 4, as follows: Messiah, at 10 a. m.; Cessna, at 2:15 p. m.; St. Clairsville, at 8 p. m. Rev. W. W. Barkley of St. Louis, Mo., will preach at these services. J. H. Diehl, Pastor.

Wolfsburg M. E. Charge

Preaching services next Sunday at Wolfsburg at 10 a. m.; Trans Run at 2:30 p. m., and Rainsburg at 8 p. m. Albert S. Luring, Pastor.

Friend's Cove Lutheran Pastorate Sunday, July 4, services as follows: St. Mark's, 10 a. m.; Bald Hill 2:30 p. m. J. W. Lingle, Pastor.


St. Clairsville Reformed Charge St. Clairsville: Sunday School 9; preaching 10 a. m. Imbler: Sunday School 1; preaching 2:15 p. m. J. W. Zehring, Pastor.

A Green Judge

In one of the counties, recently an unusually young man was elected to the bench. Shortly after his accession he was holding trials in the Quarter Sessions when a defendant who had been there often before on various charges, but who had always managed to escape conviction, was brought before him. This time he was promptly convicted and sentenced.

When he was being taken away to jail by the Sheriff he assumed a much wronged air, and remarked, "This is what comes of having a green judge."

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place to buy Candies is at DULL'S		
Always Fresh		
Headquarters for Reymer's Candies		
JOHN R. DULL, Bedford, Pa.		
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Imlertown

June 29—Emanuel Heltzel of near Cessna spent Wednesday night with Adam C. Koontz.

Last Thursday Irvin Imbler of Belden moved his sawmill one mile north of Imlertown on a tract of land belonging to Simon Shaffer of Bedford.

Charley Hughes and family, of Meyersdale, are visiting at Jacob Shunk's.

Mrs. Clarence Foreman of Willow Grove spent Friday at Jacob Shunk's.

While fishing last Saturday night John Russell layed his coat down. He put it one when he started home and when inside the house a black snake four feet long crawled out of his pocket.

Saturday night a baby girl was born to Mr. and Mrs. John Heming.

Charles V. Dibert attended the Children's service at Mt. Smith Sunday night.

While crossing the ridge Monday one mile north of Imlertown Mrs. Frank Imbler and two children were thrown from the buggy and pretty badly bruised up, by a runaway horse.

Joshua Kerr of New Buena Vista spent Tuesday with his father-in-law, Dr. G. W. Dibert.

James Smouse and son Ira, of Jeannette, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Garretson.

Clarence C. Mock of Altoona is spending several weeks with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Hezekiah Mock.

Mrs. Dr. Dibert is seriously ill at this writing.

On Monday, June 21, a young farmer was born to Charles Sill and wife.

Mr. Weaverling of Clear Ridge is visiting his sister, Mrs. John Heming.

S. S. Mock purchased some new machinery from G. W. Dibert and Son recently.

Schellsburg

June 30—Ed. J. Colvin and wife, of Kansas City; J. A. Wright and family, of Bedford; S. C. Burns and wife, of Kegg, and G. W. Taylor and family, of near here, were visitors at J. E. Taylor's on Sunday.

Mrs. Grant Manges is visiting friends at Somerset.

Mrs. Edward Vaupel and daughter, of Baltimore, are the guests of Mrs. C. B. Culp.

C. B. Williams and T. H. Rock are putting in the acetylene lights at the Chalybeate Springs this week.

Miss Bessie Hull has returned home from school at West Chester for her summer vacation.

Dr. G. C. Clark of Washington visited his mother, Mrs. Jane Clark, recently.

New Paris

June 29—Many farmers are engaged in sowing buckwheat.

B. H. Mosser, D. D., District Superintendent of the M. E. Church, delivered a very able sermon at this place on Saturday evening, after which communion was served to many communicants.

Among the many who were visitors in our town and vicinity over Saturday and Sunday we noticed Miss Ethel Graziar and Miss Edith Long, of Johnstown; Clyde Walters and Miss Sue Walters, of Cessna, and Reia Cook of Bedford.

The German Baptist Brethren of this place held a series of meetings, commencing on Friday evening and closing on Sunday evening with a Love Feast. Rev. David Detwiler of New Enterprise gave much valuable assistance in the meetings.

A general temperance meeting will be held in the U. B. Church at New Paris on Sunday afternoon, July 4, at 2 o'clock. All are invited to attend and as many as wish, will be given the privilege to discuss the evils of the Liquor Traffic and how to get rid of it.

Caj.

FOLEY'S HONEY-TAR
for children; safe, sure. No opiates

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL.

Lesson I.—Third Quarter, For
July 4, 1909.

THE INTERNATIONAL SERIES.

Text of the Lesson, Acts xv, 36, to xvi,
15—Memory Verses, 9, 10—Golden
Text, Acts xvi, 9—Commentary Pre-
pared by Rev. D. M. Stearns.

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When we left this wonderful story of the continued doings and teaching of the ascended Lord by His Spirit through His servants a few weeks ago, we saw Paul and Barnabas and others teaching and preaching the word of the Lord at Antioch (xv, 35). Now we are to have five consecutive lessons on Paul's second missionary journey as recorded in chapters xvi-xviii, but we have some preliminaries in the closing verses of chapter xv. Some Christians are tempted to think that God can only use perfect people, and while they are looking for such or waiting to become such themselves souls are perishing for lack of some kind of a pole to hold up the brazen serpent that the perishing may see the serpent, not the pole, and live. I suppose that in considering this record of the quarrel between Paul and Barnabas concerning John Mark some would take one side and some the other, but the Lord overruled it to send out four missionaries instead of two, and He loved them all in spite of their sins and doubtless blessed them as they went forth in His name, Paul and Silas through Syria and Cilicia and Barnabas and Mark to Cyprus.

If Paul passed through Tarsus on his way to Derbe and Lystra, the record does not speak of his preaching there. He seems to have pressed on to Derbe, his farthest point on his first tour, and then to Lystra, where he had been stoned to death. From thence he took Timothy, who had known the Scriptures from his childhood, having been well taught both by his mother and his grandmother (II Tim. i, 5; iii, 15); he had possibly witnessed the stoning of Paul and his return to life, and it may have led to his conversion or to a more decided stand for Christ. Paul calls him "my own son in the faith" (I Tim. i, 2), as if he had been the instrument in leading him to Christ. On the principle of I Cor. ix, 20, Paul had him circumcised for the sake of winning the circumcised to Christ, but not that he for one moment thought circumcision essential to salvation (Gal. v, 6; vi, 15). I have never been able to understand why twenty-two years ago the Lord led me into a church using a liturgy and asked me to submit to wearing a gown unless He did so that He might thus reach some with the simplicity of the gospel and the glorious truths of the kingdom and the second coming of Christ who might not otherwise have been reached. His service is perfect freedom, and we ought to be willing to submit to anything, anywhere, anyhow, if only He can thus be glorified.

As they passed from place to place the believers were more firmly established (by the word preached, no doubt), and the number of them increased, the Lord manifestly working with them. With a map of Asia Minor, which is necessary in this study, one can see that, having passed well through the provinces to the west, they were forbidden, at that time, to go south into the province of Asia and not suffered to go north into Bithynia, the Spirit having His own plan for them. It should be our aim to live in the will and purpose of God and rely upon Ps. xxxii, 8; Isa. xxx, 21; xlviii, 17, in the matter of guidance, for what seems to us good and wise and for the glory of God may not be His way for us just then. He opens or shuts as seems best to Him, and we simply dwell with Him for His work and yield to Him that He may work in and through us His good pleasure (I Chron. iv, 23; Phil. ii, 13; Heb. xiii, 21). Having come down to the sea at Trosas, Paul saw in a vision a man of Macedonia, in Europe, who said, "Come over into Macedonia and help us." The writer says, "Immediately we endeavored to go into Macedonia, assuredly gathering that the Lord had called us for to preach the gospel unto them" (verse 10). The pronoun "we" instead of "they," as heretofore, would seem to indicate that Luke had now joined them, Luke the beloved physician, the writer of this book and of the gospel bearing his name. There came a time when Paul wrote, "Only Luke is with me" (II Tim. iv, 11). Note that they were called to preach the gospel, not to establish schools, as one has said. To teach the uneducated to read, that they may be able to read the Bible and to instruct them that they may instruct others in that which is essential, seems to be all right, but some are learning that education without Christ only makes more clever heathen or unbelievers. Our commission is to proclaim the good news of God concerning His Son that through Him souls may be saved.

Having crossed by ship to Neapolis, they proceeded to Philippi, the chief city of that part of Macedonia, and there they abode certain days. The man of the vision was not there to welcome them, nor was there a committee to receive them. No posters announced the arrival of the distinguished messengers, nor did any herald proclaim that one of them had been stoned to death and had come to life again. They were evidently not expected, and nobody cared. Was it all a mistake and the vision a delusion? Let us wait and watch, as they did.

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A hat of pale hued straw, loosely woven and dull finished, is in the shape of a squat bandbox. For trimming it has a loosely adjusted band of three inch wide black velvet ribbon tied in a perfectly flat bow at one side—the kind of flat bow that adorns a leather pump—and in front a great, beautiful full blown water lily.

A high crowned fady gray chip with a narrow rolling brim is faced with azalea pink satin. A coral pink feather curls around the crown from an ornament of steel and coral in front of the



FRENCH DRESS OF LAWN.

hat to the back, where it climbs over the crown and flutters softly down toward the front, the quintessence of freakishness, but exquisite in coloring, and, tried on by a dark, piquant faced girl, it was exceedingly becoming.

The dress illustrated can be satisfactorily made from any sheer material shown for summer wear. Copied in lawn, batiste, mull or gingham, it could be trimmed with bands of embroidery and edging to match. If the frock is intended for dressy wear it would be pretty carried out in a floral design in hand embroidery on the broad collar.

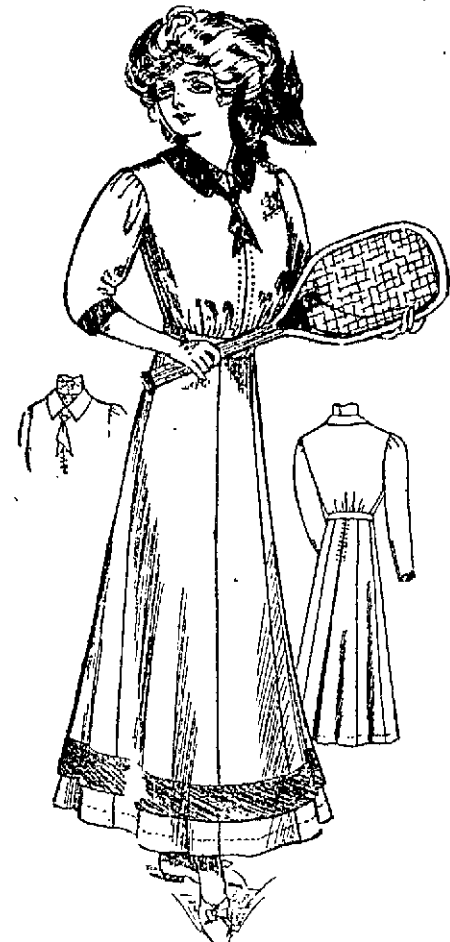
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A pattern of this dress may be had in three sizes—for children from two to six years of age. Send 10 cents to this office, giving number (444), and it will be promptly forwarded to you by mail.

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SHIRT WAIST DRESS.

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The frock illustrated is simple and easy to make. The skirt is gored and finished with a band. The waist can be made with either high or low neck and long or short sleeves. The model is carried out in delft blue linen and trimmed with bands of white, but the color scheme could be reversed if preferred.

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5.05	9.30	Mt. Dallas	10.15 7.15
5.08	9.33	Everett	10.11 7.12
5.15	9.40	Tatesville	10.00 7.03
5.25	9.49	Cypher	9.49 6.54
5.34	9.58	Hopewell	9.37 6.46
5.38	10.03	Riddlesburg	9.32 6.42
5.50	10.15	A. Saxton L.	9.20 6.31

4.30	8.30	L. Dudley A.	10.15 7.05
4.45	8.45	Coalmont	9.55 6.50
4.50	9.00	A. Saxton L.	9.50 6.35

5.50	10.15	L. Saxton A.	9.20 6.31
6.00	10.25	Cove	9.08 6.20
6.05	10.30	Hummel	9.04 6.16
6.11	10.35	Entiken	8.59 6.11
6.18	10.42	Marklesburg	8.52 6.00
6.22	10.46	Brumbaugh	8.48 5.56
6.27	10.51	Grafton	8.43 5.52
6.31	10.55	McConnellst'n	8.39 5.48
6.40	11.05	Huntingdon	8.30 5.40

4.45 9.10 Bedford 10.35 7.35

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WIDOWER JUDD'S HOUSEKEEPER.

The Surprise That Was In Store For Two Designing Women.

By ANNE HEILMAN.
[Copyrighted, 1909, by Associated Literary Press.]

Mrs. Platt sat on her front porch, busy in braiding a mat. She was one of those women one likes to have about. There was a certain comforting presence in her large figure and comely face. Although the face when at rest was somewhat sad, yet it was one of those beaming faces that seem full of love for the whole world—that is, for all whom she admitted into her world. For those outside of its bounds she had no use. Just now her thoughts were busy with her neighbor, in whose direction she sent her glances.

"Peter's getting his supper early," she mused. "It's pretty lonely for him, but I hope he won't be inveigled into taking Serena Lamb for a housekeeper. I never was one to promote gossip, but all Clifton knows that her reputation for dressing far outdoes her skill in housekeeping. If I thought— Just then she turned her head and caught sight of Mrs. Lamb walking up the path.

"Too bad to see that nice home going to rack and ruin," Mrs. Lamb began after settling herself in the rocker. "I hear it's fairly swarming with mice. Peter only uses two rooms. Isn't it a wonder he ain't picked out a housekeeper afore this?"

"I've an idea," said Mrs. Platt, endeavoring to speak unconcernedly, "that he'll probably ask you."

"Me?" interrupted Mrs. Lamb in an astonished tone. "Me! And with such a famous cook as you next door! Trust a man to get a cook when he's free to pick and choose. Sarah wasn't much on the cooking, and I guess he'll want a change."

"David and I spent twenty-five happy years in this house," sighed Mrs. Platt. "It'd come hard for me to leave it."

"And I couldn't possibly leave my place," protested Mrs. Lamb. "And the garden doing so nicely too. You'd oughter see my strawberries, Emeline. Peter says they are the finest he ever saw. I'd bring you over a saucerful, but as Peter was going on so about your getting so stout I thought I wouldn't encourage your appetite any. Well," looking keenly at her friend to assure herself that the blow had struck home, "I must be getting on."

Serena fared forth slowly along the grassy lane. "Emeline don't care shucks for Peter Judd," she shrewdly conjectured. "David Platt's money is more to her than any living man. But she'd take the place for no other reason than to keep me out of it. As if any one would look at her twice when I'm around," and she glowed with a fine satisfaction as she compared herself to Mrs. Platt.

To be sure, Emeline was an umpire on all the arts of housekeeping; her cookery was town talk, while she had never become proficient in the art, but there were other ways of reaching a man's heart. Serena knew, because she had proved it twice.

In fact, neither lady had deceived the other. Each knew the other, from widely different motives, stood ready at a moment's notice to respond to Peter Judd's call for a housekeeper. Each knew that Clifton was wondering which of the two widows who lived on either side of Peter would be called eventually to fill the departed Sarah's place, for the custom prevailed in Clifton when a man was, in the wisdom of Providence, bereaved to hunt out some widow, respected by the community, to undertake the duties of housekeeper, and generally, after a decent period of mourning, the twain became one.

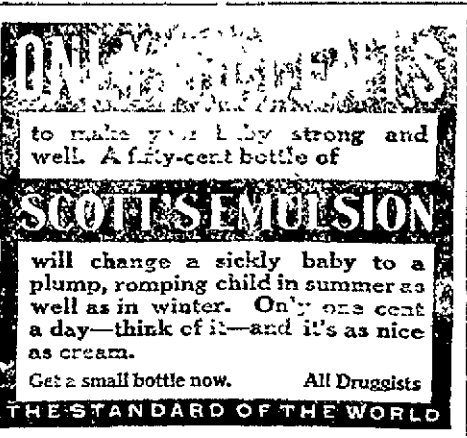
"If Serena makes up her mind to have Peter he'll have to give in," philosophized Mrs. Platt. "She's already married two that didn't in the least want her. She's comfortably off, too, and don't need to leave her home. I wouldn't be so set against it if I didn't know 'twas her that interfered between him and Floretta Young more'n twenty years ago. Peter up and married Sarah out of pure spite, and Floretta took that good for nothing Cy Blakey. If ever two people were cut out for one another, Peter and Floretta were. Well, as he's held out again Serena for over a year he may escape for good. I'll not worry any more."

But she did. The chance and apparently careless remarks that Serena let fall, as if an understanding existed between herself and Peter Judd, fretted Emeline's spirit. In the depths of her honest soul she believed that Peter was a regular caller at the Lamb home. She waited for the announcement of Serena's engagement as for a blow that was sure to fall.

Still, when it came she was not prepared for it. One afternoon she had just taken her accustomed seat on the porch when the gate opened, and Mrs. Lamb swept up the path with an unusual air of importance.

"Land, ain't it hot!" she exclaimed. "Such a muss as I've got into," carefully arranging the folds of her new organdie skirt before sitting down. Her tone rang with triumph. Mrs. Platt felt the change in the atmosphere, and all her world darkened.

"There's all that house of Peter's to be gone over this hot weather. Not a mite of cleaning since Sarah died. Such



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will change a sickly baby to a plump, rosy child in summer as well as in winter. On a one-cent a day—think of it—and it's as nice as cream.

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THE STANDARD OF THE WORLD

a looking place! And it must be all rid up by the middle of September. I just ran in to ask if your paint and white-wash brushes were in good order. Peter said as how you mentioned having a supply of 'em when you offered to keep house for him months ago. My, how red your face is, Emeline! You hadn't ought to wear pink. Now, if I do say it, I've a complexion that'll stand any color."

"I didn't exactly offer"—stammered Mrs. Platt, tears of mortification smarting her eyes.

"Oh, well, it is all past and done with," interrupted Serena airily. "I just had to give in. He wouldn't take a 'no.' Well, if you'll lend the brushes I'll be going."

Armed with the brushes, Serena departed, every movement of the organdie proclaiming victory.

In the days that followed Mrs. Platt gave much time to sitting on the front porch watching her friend's progress in the housecleaning line. Serena called seldom now, and the time passed slowly.

"I just ran in to ask your opinion of these samples," began Serena one day in September. "We're going to have new carpets for the double parlors. Don't you prefer the green?"

Serena wore her best dress. "I shall need a new one soon," she said complacently, smoothing down its silken folds.

"I suppose the affair 'll come off soon," ventured Mrs. Platt after the merits of greens and reds in carpets had been duly canvassed, but Serena only smiled consciously as she gathered up the samples and departed.

"I suppose it'll come off after harvest," mused Mrs. Platt despondently, meaning Peter's wedding.

One afternoon as Mrs. Platt was setting her table for tea she was surprised by a call from Peter Judd.

"Coming to invite me to the wedding," she surmised as he sauntered up the path. "Well, if it's foreordained he should marry Serena I'll not be spiteful about it. Sit down and have a cup of tea, Peter," she urged, cutting a great, fat, shaking, four storied jelly cake into generous slices.

Peter Judd, a large man with a pleasant, florid face, seated himself and absorbed tea and cake with much satisfaction.

"You always were a master hand at cake, Emeline," he commented affably. "I never saw your beat. It's something in that line that I called to see you about."

Was it possible that he was going to ask her to initiate Serena in the difficult art? Mrs. Platt's face clouded. "Well?" she asked in a strained voice.

"I want that you should do a little baking for me. Could you?"

"Do some baking for you?" she gasped. "For the land's sake! When?"

Peter reached for another piece of cake. "For the next Tuesday and the balance of the week. You'll know what's needed."

The wedding was to take place Tuesday, then. Emeline's world was a temporary blank. "Serena wouldn't like it," she faltered.

"What if she don't?" exploded Mr. Judd. "She can't cook. And I want something decent in the house when I get back from Minooka."

"Back from Minooka?" Emeline asked in a dazed fashion. "Are you going away?"

"Why, of course! Going to Minooka to get married. Don't you know that Floretta lives there?"

"Floretta! Are you—is she?"

"Her man's dead, if that's what you're trying to get at. Drank himself to death, I reckon. I thought you knew all along."

Mrs. Platt poured more tea with a shaking hand. A sudden burst of sunshine illuminated her world. "Does Miss Lamb know?"

"Not she," returned Peter, beginning another attack on the cake. "I know none of her business, anyway. I let her to clean up before Floretta came. That's all I wanted of her. Will you do them things Emeline—the cake and such?"

"Yes, yes!" cried Mrs. Platt. Her voice was joyful, her face aglow. All the gloom of the past few weeks vanished as if by magic. "I'll do more'n that, Peter. I'm so tickled to have Floretta for a neighbor again that I'll invite a lot of her old friends here for Tuesday. And I'll have the best dinner spread out that you ever sat down to."

If people with symptoms of kidney or bladder trouble could realize their danger they would without loss of time commence taking Foley's Kidney Remedy. This great remedy stops the pain and the irregularities, strengthens and builds up these organs and there is no danger of Bright's disease or other serious disorder. Do not disregard the early symptoms. Ed. D. Heckerman.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Pinesalve, carbolized, is good for burns. It penetrates the pores, draws out inflammation, and is healing. It is also good for cuts, sores and bruises. Sold by Ed. D. Heckerman.

ESAW WOOD.

And the Story of the Saw Esaw Wood Saw Wood.

Esaw Wood sawed Wood. Esaw Wood would saw wood! All the wood Esaw Wood saw Esaw Wood would saw. In other words, all the wood Esaw saw to saw Esaw sought to saw.

Oh, the wood Wood would saw! And oh, the wood saw with which Wood would saw wood.

But one day Wood's wood saw would saw no wood, and thus the wood Wood sawed was not the wood Wood would saw if Wood's wood saw would saw wood.

Now, Wood would saw wood with a wood saw that would saw wood, so Esaw sought a saw that would saw wood.

One day Esaw saw a saw saw wood as no other wood saw Wood saw would saw wood.

In fact, of all the wood saws Wood ever saw saw wood Wood never saw a wood saw that would saw wood as the wood saw Wood saw saw wood would saw wood, and I never saw a wood saw that would saw as the wood saw Wood saw saw wood until I saw Esaw Wood saw wood with the wood saw Wood saw saw wood.

Now Wood saws wood with the wood saw Wood saw saw wood.

Oh, the wood the wood saw Wood saw would saw!

Oh, the wood Wood's woodshed would shed when Wood would saw wood with the wood saw Wood saw saw wood!

Finally, no man may ever know how much wood the wood saw Wood saw would saw if the wood saw Wood saw would saw all the wood the wood saw Wood saw would saw.—Woman's Home Companion.

A PLUCKY LAWYER.

The Way Stewart Returned a Desperado's Threat.

"The late Senator Stewart believed in muscular Christianity, and many a rough and tumble fight did he have in the old days in California and Nevada," said a California congressman.

"He was not quarrelsome, but he was never known to run away from an encounter, and as he was a powerful man physically there were not many who were keen to tackle him. On one occasion a noted desperado was interested in a mining suit and sent word to Stewart, who was attorney for the other side, that if he appeared to argue the case he might count on being killed. The fellow had slain half a dozen men, but his threat in no wise intimidated the plucky young lawyer. The desperado had a well known system of hiding a pistol in his coat pocket and shooting his man without openly drawing the weapon. This, Stewart knew, and so when he walked into the courtroom the first thing he did was to lay down a bowie knife about a foot and a half long and a six shooter as big as a young cannon on the table directly in front of him. Then, sternly eyeing the bad man, he said: 'I hear you mean to kill me if I argue this case. That's a game two can play at. That pistol you have in your coat isn't worth a cent against this layout. The minute you put your right hand in your pocket I'll send a bullet into you, and if that doesn't finish you this knife will.'"

"An old miner who was present and told me the story said the fellow turned white as a sheet and slunk out of the courtroom to appear no more."—Baltimore American.

To Improve Flight. During a big Presbyterian convention in 1865 a rhetorical Scotchman from Ohio got the floor. His speech was replete with mingled humor and sarcasm. In the course of it, says the Rev. Galusha Anderson in a book entitled "A Border City During the Civil War," he made this remark about his own eloquence: "The speech of the brother from this city brought to my mind an experience of my school days. I wrote an oration and handed it to my teacher. "When he had examined it he called me to him and said: "Taylor, if you would only pluck a few feathers from the wings of your imagination and stick them into the tail of your judgment you would write a good deal better."

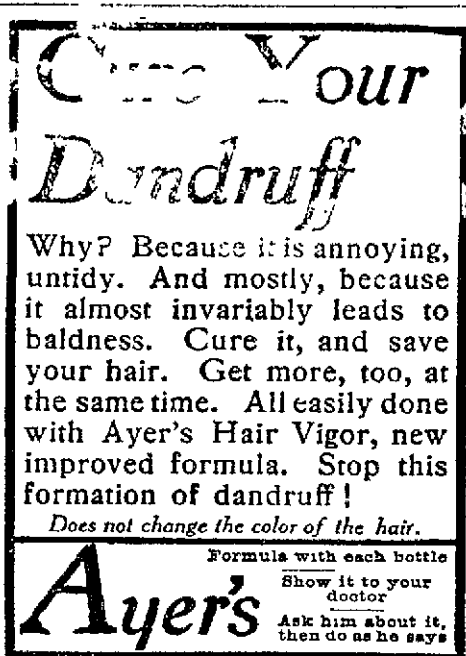
The Best Part of the Speech. Young James had never heard his papa speak in public, and it was thought time to take him to hear his father deliver a lecture. During the evening a stray dog which ventured upon the platform was disposed of as gracefully as possible. On the way home James was asked how he liked his father's lecture and gave the answer. "It was all right, papa, but I liked the part where you put the dog out the best."—Delineator.

When Real Knowledge Comes. "Mamma," asked a little girl, "how long did you know papa before you married him?" "My dear," replied the mother, "I was acquainted with your father for several years, but I really didn't know him until after we were married!"

The Boy and the Professor. "I was mimicking Professor Bore yesterday, and he caught me." "What did he say?" "Told me to stop making a fool of myself."

Hope. "Hope," said Uncle Eben, "is a blessing 'n' when you's willin' to back it wit' little hard work, 'stid o' lettin' it plunk itself out 'n' a policy ticket."—Washington Star.

Enjoyment stops where indolence begins.—Pollock.



Why? Because it is annoying, untidy. And mostly, because it almost invariably leads to baldness. Cure it, and save your hair. Get more, too, at the same time. All easily done with Ayer's Hair Vigor, new improved formula. Stop this formation of dandruff!

Does not change the color of the hair.

Formula with each bottle. Show it to your doctor. Ask him about it, then do as he says.

Ayer's

The new Ayer's Hair Vigor will certainly do this work, because, first of all, it destroys the germs which are the original cause of dandruff. Having given this aid, nature completes the cure. The scalp is restored to a perfectly healthy condition.

—Made by the J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.—

THE CUCKOO.

Curious Superstitions That Are Connected With the Bird.

There is a popular belief that whatever one is doing when first one hears the cuckoo that will be what one will most frequently do during the year.

In many parts of Scotland and in the northern counties of England people turn their money in their pockets on hearing the first call of the cuckoo, as this, they say, insures a lucky year. In the counties bordering in Wales not only do they do this, but they also have a wish at the same time, this wish being kept secret, of course. To have a gold coin in one's pocket when the cuckoo's call is first heard insures good luck for the rest of the year. The German peasants declare that after St. John's day the bird changes into a sparrow hawk.

The Danes have a curious legend regarding this bird. When the village girls hear its first call they kiss their hands and repeat, "Cuckoo, cuckoo, when shall I be married?" As many times as the bird calls "cuckoo" in answer, so many years will the maiden have to wait. The old folk, bent and bowed with rheumatism and age, ask instead, "Cuckoo, cuckoo, when shall I be released from this world's cares?" and the answer comes in the same way. So occupied is the poor bird in answering these questions, say the Danes, that she never has time to build her nest, so is forced to lay her eggs in the nest of another bird.—Planet.

A GREWSOME REQUEST.

Extraordinary Legacy by the Father of Lord Audley.

Probably the most grewsome bequest ever named in a will was that made by Philip Thicknesse, a dissipated Englishman, who died in 1792. Some years before his death he had quarreled bitterly with his son, Lord Audley and to spite him had placed on the outside of the family mansion a board bearing this inscription in large black letters:

"Boots and shoes mended, carpets beat, etc., etc., by P. Thicknesse, father of Lord Audley."

Finding he was about to die, he sent for his lawyer and drew up a will containing the following extraordinary clause: "I leave my right hand, to be cut off after my death, to my son, Lord Audley. I desire it may be sent to him in hopes that such a sight may remind him of his duty to God after having so long abandoned the duty he owes to a father who once so affectionately loved him."

The dead man's wishes were scrupulously carried out, and his severed head, inclosed in a hermetically sealed leaden casket, was forwarded to his son. There is no record as to how Lord Audley received his unwelcome legacy or how he disposed of it.—New York Press.

Delay in taking Foley's Kidney Remedy if you have backache, kidney or bladder trouble, fastens the disease upon you and makes a cure more difficult. Commence taking Foley's Kidney Remedy today and you will soon be well. Why risk a serious malady?—Ed. D. Heckerman.

A specific for pain.—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, strongest, cheapest remedy ever devised. A household remedy in America for 25 years.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

"I have been somewhat costive, but Doan's Regulents gave just the results desired. They act mildly and regulate the bowels perfectly."—George B. Krause, 306 Walnut Ave., Altoona, Pa.

The best pills made are DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous little liver pills. They are small, gentle, pleasant, easy to take and act promptly. They are sold by all druggists.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE

In the Assigned Estate of Frank Hughes and Louanna Hughes, of Broad Top Township.

Notice is hereby given that the books of the above named assignors have been placed in the hands of S. W. Salkeld, Justice of the Peace, of Six Mile Run, Pa., for collection. All persons indebted to the said estate will make prompt payment.

J. HARRY GILCHRIST, Assignee.

BEARS GENERALLY JOLLY.

But Sometimes One Comes Along With a Settled Groun.

"Rarely are bears born ill tempered. They may show some resentment at the time of their capture when but two months old, but this feeling soon disappears, leaving a jolly rogue ever, willing to box and wrestle. I once knew a cub that was a regular terror," says a writer in Collier's, "and he never reformed. He would attack anything regardless of its size or strength."

"At the age of three months he would charge at me, snorting, sniffing and striking with his tiny paws, and when I did not protect myself he seized my trousers leg between his teeth and shook it violently."

"At first I thought that he had been abused by his former owner and that by kind treatment he would soon outgrow his temper; but, no, he just had it in him, and he became more and more dangerous as time sped by."

"Finally he grew large enough to be put in with the mature bears without danger of his squeezing between the bars and escaping, and to the surprise of every one he immediately took charge of the den. Old bears twenty times his size, possibly from some sense of honor, if animals have honor, submitted to cuffs and slaps in the face and actually allowed him to snatch food from their mouths without resenting the insult."

A CLEVER SWINDLE.

Ingenuous Scheme Worked by a Parisian Vagabond.

The manager of a fashionable Paris restaurant fell into a neat trap not very long ago. A man named Daval, who had only recently been released from prison, called a cab and told the driver that he was the Count d'Abbeville and that he had bet a friend a large sum of money that, dressed in a tramp's rags, he would eat a dinner at one of the most exclusive hotels. If the cabman would arrange the matter for him with the manager of the hotel the count would pay him handsomely.

The cabman drove up to a luxurious restaurant, took the manager aside and whispered the information that his disreputable looking fare was really a count in disguise and then related the story of the bet. The manager fell into the trap, and the ex-prisoner was served with an excellent dinner with many wines.

The meal over, the man declared that he was no count and that he had no money. The manager laughed heartily at the splendid way his guest played his part, but by and by the truth dawned on him. A policeman was called in, and the ingenious swindler was led away, imperturbably smoking a five franc cigar.—New York Sun

The Lion's Rush.

The wisest and most experienced can never tell what a lion will do. Lion hunting, to my mind, has a charm all its own. Nothing compares with it and no driving of ravines or swamps or catching the great cat at his kill is comparable to the joy and steady excitement of tracking him down. He chooses the ground. You follow him into it. You pit yourself against him. Crouching flat against the yellow earth, perhaps covered only by a few inches of grass, he is almost unbelievably hard to see. His rush and spring from a few yards distance is the fastest thing in the world. No animal can escape it, much less clumsy, slow footed man. He has a chance to pay off on man, the universal lord and master, the wrongs of the animal world, and here in East Africa the lion's revenge full toll taken on human life and limb mounts high.—Rev. Dr. W. S. Rainsford in World's Work.

The Rubber Tree.

The "India rubber" plant—Ficus elastica—is a great tree in the tropical countries in which it flourishes, often reaching as much as a hundred feet high. Imposing, indeed, it looks like such conditions, with a vast leafy crown extending over forty or fifty feet outward on each side of the massive trunk and with immense buttressing roots twisting and winding along above the ground in such a way as to lead the natives of India and Ceylon to call it the "snake tree." Sometimes these roots grow up into the trees and make the tree look like the banyan in which, it may be mentioned, it is botanically related.

The Usual Place.

"Can you swim, Corporal Brown?" asked an elderly major.

"Yes, sir."

"You can? Where on earth did you learn?"

"Not on any earth, sir. I learned in the water!"—London Tit-Bits.

Past Tenses.

"It ees, however," said the distinguished foreigner as he concluded his story, "simply a matter of heard said."

"You mean 'bearsay,' of course, count?"

"Ah, but zis was told me some time ago!"—New York Journal.

Tactful.

"Whatever made you make Brackins a present of a pocket comb? He's as bald as a billiard ball."

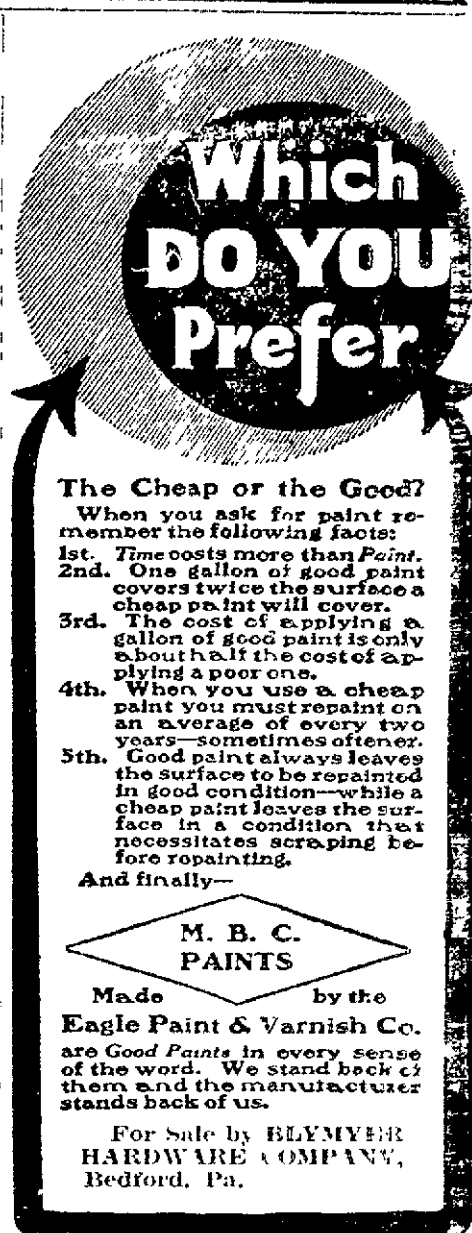
"That's just it. I want to make him think I never noticed it."

The Only Difficulty.

"The world owes me a living."

"That's all right, old man, as long as you can get somebody to stake you while you are trying to collect the bill."—Boston Herald.

Few things are impossible in themselves. It is not so much means as perseverance that is wanting to bring them to a successful issue.



Which Do You Prefer?

The Cheap or the Good?

When you ask for paint remember the following facts:

- 1st. Time costs more than paint.
- 2nd. One gallon of good paint covers twice the surface a cheap paint will cover.
- 3rd. The cost of applying a gallon of good paint is only about half the cost of applying a poor one.
- 4th. When you use a cheap paint you must repaint on an average of every two years—sometimes oftener.
- 5th. Good paint always leaves the surface to be repainted in good condition—while a cheap paint leaves the surface in a condition that necessitates scraping before repainting.

And finally—

M. B. C. PAINTS

Made by the Eagle Paint & Varnish Co. are Good Paints in every sense of the word. We stand back of them and the manufacturer stands back of us.

For Sale by BLYMYER HARDWARE COMPANY, Bedford, Pa.



HIGH POWER GASOLINE

No Danger

If you use the right gasoline. More auto troubles can be traced to inferior gasoline than from all other causes. Don't enjoy your machine, confident that the power is there just when you need it most.

Waverly Gasolines are manufactured expressly for automobile use. Try the Waverly brands.

76¢ — Motor — Stove

You may be assured of instantaneous, powerful clean explosion, freedom from carbon deposits on spark plugs or in cylinder. Quick results on your dollar.

Waverly Oil Works Co. Independent Dealers Pittsburgh, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

[Estate of Emma C. Wise, late of Broad Top Township, Bedford County, Pa., deceased.] Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make prompt payment, and those having claims to present the same without delay to

J. L. TENLEY, FRANK FLETCHER, Administrator. Attorney. June 4-6w

EXECUTORS' NOTICE

[Estate of Rufus England, late of Snake Spring Township, Bedford County, Pa., deceased.] Letters testamentary on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make prompt payment, and those having claims to present the same without delay to

DANIEL P. ENGLAND, DAVID P. ENGLAND, ALVIN L. LITTLE, Executors. Attorney. June 18-6w.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS

All persons who hold stock in the Bedford County Agricultural Society will notify the Secretary of any stock they may hold on or before July 1st, 1909, presenting their certificates. A list of the stock will not be given until after the stock and water rights are sold in the Treasury will be sold.

J. ROY CRESSNA, Secretary

NOTICE

Commissioners of Bedford County, Pa., July 24, 09.

Sealed bids will be received for the painting of the following iron bridges, to-wit:

The Railroad Bridge at W. & St. Clair Township.

The Goshen Bridge in Londonderry Township.

The two Hyndman Bridges, Londonderry Township.

The Tannery Bridge above Hyndman, Londonderry Township.

The Cook Bridge, Londonderry Township.

The iron bridge near Macon's Choice, in Harrison Township.

Bids will be received until 12 o'clock July 13, 1909.

Specifications on file at this office.

GEO. H. ZIMMERMAN, DAVID S. HENST, C. W. BLACKBURN, Commissioners.

Attest: G. R. SHUCK, Clerk. June 25-3t

Delay in commencing treatment for a slight irregularity that could have been cured quickly by Foley's Kidney Remedy may result in a serious kidney disease. Foley's Kidney Remedy builds up the worn out tissues and strengthens these organs. Ed. D. Heckerman.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION
OF THE

First National Bank,

at Bedford, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, June 23, 1909.

RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts	\$465,736.47
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	2,489.56
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	100,000.00
Bonds, securities, etc.	45,874.85
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures	21,200.00
Due from State and Private Banks and Bankers, Trust Companies, and Savings Banks	8,732.90
Due from approved reserve agents	59,203.57
Checks and other cash items	4,520.36
Notes of other National Banks	1,500.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents	168.37
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank, viz:	
Specie	\$39,651.25
Legal Tender notes	20,000.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer, (5 per cent. of circulation)	5,000.00
Total	\$774,077.33

LIABILITIES

Capital stock paid in	\$100,000.00
Surplus fund	30,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	42,147.61
National Bank notes outstanding	100,000.00
Due to other National Banks	2,919.64
Due to State and Private Banks and Bankers	161.70
Individual deposits subject to check	142,694.75
Time certificates of deposit	346,078.62
Cashier's checks outstanding	10,075.01
Total	\$774,077.33

State of Pennsylvania, County of Bedford, SS:

I, Oscar D. Doty, President of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

OSCAR D. DOTY, President.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 30th day of June, 1909.

J. HOWARD FEIGHT, Notary Public.

CORRECT—Attest:

ABRAHAM B. EGOLF,
JACOB H. LONGENECKER,
PATRICK HUGHES,
Directors.

CHARTER NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that application will be made by Walter B. McCleary, William Peebles and Edward W. Light to the Governor of Pennsylvania on Monday, the 26th day of July, 1909, at ten o'clock a. m., under the provisions of an Act of Assembly entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved 29th of April, 1874, and the several supplements thereto, for a charter for an intended corporation to be called Bedford Lime and Ballast Company, the character and object of which is the purchase, manufacture and sale of stone, limestone and lime in their various forms as demanded by commerce, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges by said Act of Assembly and the supplements thereto conferred.

ERNEST O. KOOSER,
EDMUND E. KIERNAN,
July 2, 4t. Solicitors for Applicants.

Metzger Hardware and
House-Furnishing Co.

Sewer Pipe, Cement.
A carload of each. Get Prices.

Baby Carriages,
\$2.50 to \$25

Refrigerators,
\$9.50 to \$50

Porch Screens,
\$1.25 to \$2.50

Ice Chests, \$5 to \$10

NEW PERFECTION
Oil Cook Stoves

BEDFORD, PA.

DIED

HANN—Near Clearville, Monday, June 21, of organic heart trouble. Miss Polly Hann, aged 77 years.
WELSH—At Everett, Saturday, June 26, John Franklin Welsh, aged 70 years, 11 months and 13 days.



No Price-Penalties to Pay

At some clothing stores—and at many tailoring shops—the man who CARES, who wants things RIGHT about his clothes, is penalized. He pays EXTRA for the things which he SHOULD be able to get in medium priced clothes. After paying tribute for years he is loath to believe that he can get distinctive, exclusive and correct clothes without "paying for style."

We invite doubters to look at our \$15 suits. Not a penny of the cost to you of these clothes is charged for fictitious things—name, or "ideas," or fol-de-rol and flum-a-dub. You make every penny of it buy clothes-value.

EVERYTHING MAN OR BOY WEARS.

The Metropolitan
Clothing and
Shoe House
BEDFORD, PA.

How much does it cost to support your family? Would you like to be sure that they would receive that same income every month after your death?

You can arrange it with The Equitable.

THE EQUITABLE
LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY
"Strongest in the World."
J. ROY CESSNA, General Agent,
Ridenour Block, Bedford, Pa.

Farmers and Dairy-
men Save Money

by using "Mrs. Lea Butter and Milk Purifier." This is guaranteed to remove all taste and odor of garlic, bitterweed, etc., from milk and butter. You can turn your cows in pasture full of garlic and still use the milk.

25 lb. pail, \$2.25
Davidson Bros., BEDFORD, PA.

Church of God

Preaching at North Point, July 2, at 7:30 p. m.; at Round Knob, July 3, at 7:30 p. m. Preaching at Coal-dale, July 4, at 10:30 and 7:30. Subject in the morning, "The Mystery of Suffering;" in the evening, "Our Country."

F. W. McGuire, Pastor

Dunning's Creek Reformed Charge
St. Luke's: Sunday School 9 a. m.
St. Paul's: Sunday School 9:30 a. m.
Pleasant Hill: Sunday School 9 a. m.; regular worship 10 a. m.; Heckerman Missionary Society 7:30 p. m. Everybody cordially invited.
E. A. G. Hermann, Pastor.

Wanted, For Sale, Rent, Etc.

For Sale—Jersey cow with Jersey heifer calf by side. A. J. Otto. 311tf

Wanted—A Principal for Rainburg schools. Apply to Secretary of Board. June 25-3t.

For Sale—Six Duroc Jersey Red Boar Pigs. W. D. Koontz, R. F. D. No. 2, Everett. June 18-t3

For Sale—Several runabout buggies, rubber tire, in good condition. Stiver's Stables. May 7-tf.

Cement for Sale—A carload of Nazareth Portland cement, in any quantity. H. H. Lysinger. Jun 4-tf

For Sale—Farm 1 mi. southwest of Schellsburg. Call or address Harry Burns, Springhope, or M. M. Whetstone, Schellsburg. June 18-t3

STOVE WOOD AND LOCUST POSTS
Cut to order and delivered promptly; leave orders at Wolff's Cigar Store. Posts any length. Chas. T. Gilchrist.

Wanted—A principal for New Paris schools. Good salary for right man. Application to be in by July 3. A. J. Crissman, Sec.

For Sale—Lots off Barclay plot along Sunnyside State Road; also small meadow along creek. Apply to Joseph J. Barclay, Bedford, Pa. tf

For Sale—Tate Building, Juliana Street and Public Square dwelling, offices and storerooms; for further information address Jo. W. Tate, Bedford.

Wanted—A principal for Schellsburg schools; also a teacher for intermediate school; gentlemen only. Good salary. Applications to be in by July 16. W. F. SCHELL, Sec. July 2, 2t.

Searching For a Wife—Am mining man, 34 years old, never married, good health, character, and some accomplishments. Have accumulated over \$25,000 in Nevada mining and will settle down in beautiful California with the woman of my choice. Desire to know lady 18 to 30 years old, fair looking, possessing good common sense and who would appreciate good home. No objection to widow. All correspondence confidentially received. John W. Grant, Truckee, California. June 18-3t.

Free Embroidery Lessons

Miss Anna Armstrong will give free embroidery lessons to all purchasers of Brainerd and Armstrong's Silks, each afternoon from 2 to 4 during July and August, at her home, 221 East Penn Street. The silks can be obtained at Gilchrist's, Barnett's and Straub's stores. June 25-2t.

The Hyndman School Board will receive applications for Principal at \$75.00; Assistant Principal at \$60.00, and Grammar School Teacher at \$50.00 per month, until July 6, 1909. Term, 8 months. None but male teachers need apply.

M. H. Kramer, Secretary.

Farmers, insure your Live Stock against death from any cause in the Pennsylvania Mutual Live Stock Co., of Erie, Pa. H. C. Davidson, District Agent.

Speculative Farm Investment
160 acres, Salvia, Fulton Co., on State Road; 30 miles east of Bedford. Frame house; running stream; fruit; lies well. Price \$1350; sacrifice. Timber worth that. New State Highway means handsome profit. Cash or terms. Address Wm. Helm, Box 1627, Pittsburg, Pa.

ROOFING, SPOUTING, ETC.

"Honest Work and Honest Prices" is our motto.

H. F. PRICE.

Shop near Fisher House.

THE LEGALIZED OUTLAW

by Judge Artman, The Uncle Tom's Cabin of Temperance. Texts for temperance workers. Amer. Cloth, 295 pgs.; \$1 prepaid. H. G. Smith, Buffalo Mills, Pa. May 14, tf.

CHICHESTER'S PILLS

THE DIAMOND BRAND.
Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chichester's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic wrapper, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHICHESTER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable.
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

F. H. FOLTZ, Broker,

35 East Grant Street,
LANCASTER, PA.

Stocks and Grain bought and sold on reasonable margins.

Private wires in connection with Price & Co., Inc., Baltimore, Md. All deposits absolutely guaranteed. Write for further information. 6-11-1mo

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Estate of Dr. S. G. Statler, late of Pleasantville Borough, Bedford County, Pa., deceased.]

Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make prompt payment, and those having claims to present the same without delay to

DR. F. B. STATLER,
Administrator,
Johnstown, Pa.
FRANK FLETCHER, Attorney.
July 2, 6w.



Our Greatest Price-Lowering and Stock Reducing Event—A Period of Value-Giving Without Parallel in This City—Begins Tomorrow

Clearance here means the complete closing out of many lines of seasonable goods—clearing of counters, shelves, show cases and tables of Summer merchandise. No half-hearted or half way measures are permitted at this store.

The price-drop is deep and decisive—imperative and urgent. The backward Spring caused assortments to be greater than they should be at this time—hence prices are cut lower than usual to quickly clear away these stocks.

All who value thrift and appreciate economy will welcome these matchless savings on needed and seasonable goods. This sale will be a crowd-bringer and great rewards will result to every purchaser. Don't fail to attend this sale and judge for yourself how truly extraordinary these values are.

Our sole purpose is Clearance—cost and profit are no longer things to be considered. The goods must sell—and sell they will to the lively tune of quick-stepping prices. Read all the items—they point the way to the greatest savings you ever had the opportunity of sharing in. Early shopping is advisable—first choice is best.

These Values are Unprecedented.

July Clearance of Carpets, Lace Curtains and Draperies.

Now is the time, the season to brighten the home to make it inviting, for this reason alone this Clearance Sale is of the greatest importance.

Better prices, lower prices have never been offered; this is your opportunity to secure your carpets, curtains, and draperies.

Handsome Ingrain Carpets that sold for 40c are now marked for this sale at 29c. 75c Brussels Carpet to go at 59c.

\$1.25 Velvet Carpet now marked 98c.
35c Mattings to go at 25c.
22c Mattings for 15c.

72 different styles in lace curtains—all to be sold at greatly lowered prices during this clearance sale.

July Clearance of Wash Goods

Quick clearance prices on dainty Wash Goods for this sale. Better values have never been offered. Early comers, get the best choice.

Lawns, Dimities and all wash fabrics to be sacrificed during this sale. Many 12½ and 15c goods to go at 6 and 8c.

Apron Gingham, plain and fancy checks, at 4¼c.
Calicoes, 4½c.

Handsome Silks, all shades, 27 inches wide, reduced for this sale from 35 and 40c to 25c a yard.

July Clearance of Men's Shoes

A Sale every man will appreciate, a sale worthy of your close attention. Prices that provide unusual savings, prices that make quick buying best. See for yourself.

For this sale we will offer our entire stock of \$2.50 black and tan Oxfords at \$1.85.

\$2.35 will buy a pair of the well-known James Means \$3.00 Shoes.

Heywood's \$4.00 Shoes and Oxfords will be marked \$3.25 for this sale.

July Clearance of Suits and Waists

Every woman will find these styles eminently correct and prices ridiculously low. Clearance prices for quick stock reducing—secure these by coming early.

\$5.00 Ladies' Lingerie Suits, Princess style, for this sale \$3.50 and \$4.00.

\$1.50 White Waists, lingerie or tailor made, to go at 98c.

White and Ecru Net Waists worth \$3.00 to be sold at \$2.25.

Barnett's Store
THE HOUSE THAT SAVES YOU MONEY